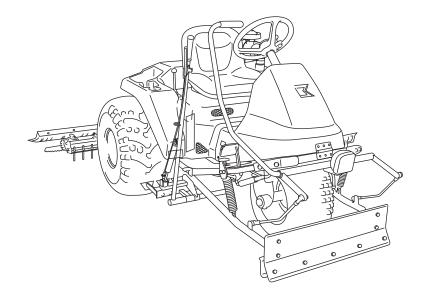


Bunker Rake

Owner's Operating Manual



Serial No. SP05A: 21237-

"Required reading"
Read this manual before using the machine.



Regulations

EU Regulations and/or UK Regulations

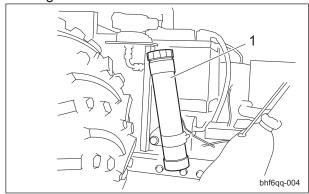
(For EU/UK)
This product complies with all relevant EU
Regulations and/or UK Regulations.

For more information, please refer to the respective Declaration of Conformity attached.

Thank you for purchasing the Baroness product. This manual describes the proper handling, adjustment, and inspection of your product. We hope you will use the product safely, and take advantage of its best performance.

Keeping The Owner's Operating Manual

Keep this Owner's Operating Manual in the box on the right side of the seat.

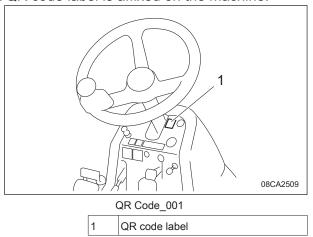


Keeping The Owner's Operating Manual_001



QR Code

A QR code label is affixed on the machine.



Scan the QR code with your smartphone for easy access to Baroness Manual Reference Service where you can browse Owner's Operating Manual and Parts Catalog. https://doc.baroness-international.com/manuals/SP05A



QR Code_002

Introduction

Read this manual carefully to ensure that you thoroughly understand how to properly operate and maintain the product, and to avoid causing injury to yourself or others.

The operator is responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

Maintenance service for this machine should be performed by a mechanic with expertise.

If you have any questions concerning maintenance or genuine parts, please contact a Baroness dealer or Kyoeisha.

When making inquiries about your product, please specify the model and serial number.

When loaning or transferring the product, please also provide this manual together with the product.

Kyoeisha Co., Ltd.

Warning Symbols

This manual uses the following warning symbols for handling precautions that are important for your safety.



Warning symbol

696cq5-001

This symbol indicates the articles regarding "Danger," "Warning," or "Caution."

Those articles describe important safety precautions and so read them carefully to understand completely before operating the machine.

Failure to adequately follow these safety precautions may cause an accident.

♠ Danger

This symbol indicates that serious injury or death will occur if the warning is ignored.



This symbol indicates that serious injury or death may occur if the warning is ignored.



This symbol indicates that injury or damage to property may occur if the warning is ignored.

Important

This symbol indicates precautions on the mechanism of the machine.

Precautionary Statement



The information described in this manual is subject to change for improvement without prior notice.

When replacing parts, be sure to use genuine Baroness parts or parts designated by Kyoeisha.

Note that the Baroness product warranty may not apply to defects caused by the use of parts from other companies.

Prior to use, carefully read the following manuals to thoroughly understand the contents for safe and correct operation.

- · Baroness Owner's Operating Manual
- · The Engine's Owner's Manual
- · The Battery's Owner's Manual

Purpose

This product is intended for leveling bunkers at golf courses.

Do not use this product in any other way than its intended purpose, and do not modify the product.

Operating this product for other purposes and modifying it may be very dangerous and may cause damage to the machine.

In addition, this product is not authorized for operation as a special motor vehicle. Do not operate it on public roads.

SP05A

Introduction

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SP05A

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Safety

Failure to adequately follow these safety precautions may cause an accident resulting in injury or death.

♠ Danger

This product is designed to ensure safe operation and has been tested and inspected thoroughly before shipment from the factory. The product is equipped with safety devices to prevent accidents.

However, whether the product demonstrates its original performance level depends on the manner in which it is operated and handled, as well as the manner in which it is managed on a daily basis.

Inappropriate use or management of the product may result in injury or death.

Observe the following safety instructions to ensure safe operation.

Safe Operating Practices

Training

- 1. Read this manual and other training material carefully.
 - Be familiar with the controls, safety signs, and the proper use of the equipment.
- 2. If the operator or mechanic can not read the language used in this manual, it is the owner's responsibility to explain this material to them.
- 3. All operators and mechanics should seek and obtain professional and practical instruction.
 - The owner is responsible for training the users
 - Such instruction should emphasize:
 - [1] The need for care and concentration when working with ride-on machines.
 - [2] Control of a ride-on machine sliding on a slope will not be regained by the application of the brake.

The main reasons for loss of control are

- Insufficient wheel grip
- Being driven too fast
- Inadequate braking
- The type of machine is unsuitable for its task
- Lack of awareness of the effect of ground conditions, especially slopes
- Incorrect hitching and load distribution

- Never allow children or people unfamiliar with these instructions to use or service the machine.
 - Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator.
- The owner/user can prevent and is responsible for accidents or injuries occurring to themselves, other people, or property.
- Keep in mind that the owner, operator, and mechanic are responsible for accidents or hazards occurring to other people or their property.
- 7. You can find additional safety information where needed throughout this manual.
- 8. Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Preparation

- Evaluate the terrain to determine what accessories and attachments are needed to properly and safely perform the job. Only use accessories and attachments approved by the manufacturer.
- While operating, always wear substantial footwear, long trousers, hard hat, safety glasses, mask, and ear protection.
 Long hair, loose clothing, or jewelry may get tangled in moving parts.
 Do not operate the equipment when barefoot or wearing open sandals.
- Inspect the area where the equipment is to be used and remove all objects such as rocks, toys and wire which can be thrown by the machine.
- 4. Keep children out of the operating area and under the watchful care of a responsible adult other than the operator.
- 5. Exercise care in the handling of fuel.

⚠ Warning

Fuel is highly flammable.

Take the following precautions:

- [1] Store fuel in containers specifically designed for this purpose.
- [2] Add fuel before starting the engine. Never remove the cap of the fuel tank or add fuel while the engine is running or when the engine is hot.
- [3] Refuel outdoors only and do not smoke while refueling.

- [4] If fuel is spilled, do not attempt to start the engine but move the machine away from the area of spillage and avoid creating any source of ignition until petrol vapours have dissipated;
- [5] Replace all fuel tanks and container caps securely.
- 6. Check that operator's presence controls, safety switches and shields are attached and functioning properly.
 - Do not operate unless they are functioning properly.
- 7. If the brake operation is faulty, be sure to adjust or repair them before operating the machine.
- 8. Replace faulty mufflers.

Operation

- 1. Do not operate the machine under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- 2. Do not operate the engine in a confined space where dangerous carbon monoxide fumes can collect.
- 3. Be sure all drives and shift are in neutral and parking brake is engaged before starting engine.
 - Only start engine from the operator's position.
 - Use seat belts if provided.
- 4. Do not change the engine governor settings or overspeed the engine.
 - Operating the engine at excessive speed may increase the hazard of personal injury.
- 5. Never operate the machine with damaged guards, shields, or without safety protective devices in place.
 - Be sure all interlocks are attached, adjusted properly, and functioning properly.
- 6. Keep hands and feet away from the rotating parts.
- 7. Do not carry passengers.
- 8. Never operate while people, especially children, or pets are nearby.
- 9. Only operate in good light, keeping away from holes and hidden hazards.
- 10. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- 11. Do not stop or start suddenly.
- 12. Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.

- 13. Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks.
- 14. Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure vision.
- 15. Do not take your eyes off the road ahead.
 Do not operate the machine with no hands.
- 16. Remember there is no such thing as a safe slope.
 - Travel on grass slopes requires particular care
 - To guard against overturning, follow these instructions.
 - [1] Do not stop or start suddenly when going up or downhill.
 - [2] Engage clutch slowly, always keep machine in gear, especially when traveling downhill.
 - [3] Machine speeds should be kept low on slopes and during turns.
 - [4] Stay alert for humps and hollows and other hidden hazards.
- 17. Never use the machine on a slope with an angle of gradient that is greater than that specified or in a place where there is a danger of the machine slipping.
- 18. Use extra care while operating machine with a grass catcher or other attachments.

 They can affect the stability of the machine.
- 19. Do the following before leaving the operator's position.
 - [1] Stop on level ground.
 - [2] Set the parking brake.
 - [3] Stop the engine.
 - [4] Remove the ignition key.
- 20. Stop the engine in the following conditions.
 - [1] Before refuelling.
 - [2] Before making height or depth adjustment unless adjustment can be made from the operator's position.
 - [3] Before checking, cleaning or working on the machine.
 - [4] After striking a foreign object or if an abnormal vibration occurs.

 Inspect the machine for damage and make repairs before restarting and operating the equipment.
- 21. Reduce the throttle setting during engine run-out.

Safety

- 22. Take care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
 - Load or unload the machine in a flat and safe place.

Before loading or unloading, set the parking brake on the truck or trailer, stop the engine, and chock the wheels.

When transporting the machine on a truck or a trailer, set the parking brake, stop the engine, and fasten the machine to the truck with a rope or other suitable restraining device that has sufficient strength.

When using a running board, select one with sufficient strength, length, and width and that

23. Close the fuel valve before transporting the machine.

will not cause the machine to slip.

Maintenance

- 1. Never allow untrained personnel to service machine.
- 2. Implement the following work before adjusting, cleaning or repairing.
 - [1] Stop the machine on level ground.
 - [2] Set the parking brake.
 - [3] Stop the engine.
 - [4] Remove the ignition key.
 - [5] Wait for all movement to stop.
- 3. Allow the engine/muffler to cool before checking/maintenance.
- 4. To reduce the fire hazard, keep hot parts such as the engine and silencer/muffler, battery compartment and fuel storage area free of grass, leaves, or excessive grease. Clean up oil or fuel spillage.
- Appropriately manage and correctly use the tools necessary for servicing or adjusting the machine.
- 6. Disconnect battery before making any repairs.
 - Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last.
 - Reconnect positive first and negative last.
- 7. Use jack stands to support components when required.
- 8. Keep hands and feet away from moving parts.
 - If possible, do not make adjustments with the engine running.

- 9. Make sure that parts such as wires are not touching each other and that their covers have not come off.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware tightened.
 Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- 11. Keep all nuts, bolts and screws tight to be sure the equipment is in safe working condition
- 12. Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- 13. Be sure to depressurize the hydraulic system before performing maintenance operations on it such as removing hydraulic equipment.
- 14. Check whether line connectors in the hydraulic system are properly tightened. Before applying hydraulic pressure, check the connections of the hydraulic pressure lines and the condition of the hoses.
- 15. When checking the hydraulic circuit for pinhole leaks or oil leakage from nozzles, do not use your hands.
 Use items such as paper or corrugated cardboard to find leakage points.
 Be extremely careful with high-pressure oil as it may pierce your skin, resulting in an injury.
 If fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or
- 16. Charge batteries in an open well ventilated area, away from spark and flames. Unplug charger before connecting or disconnecting from battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

gangrene may result.

17. If the fuel tank has to be drained, do this outdoors.

Storage

- 1. Allow the engine to cool before storing in any enclosure.
- 2. Only cover the machine with a sheet after hot parts have sufficiently cooled down.
- 3. Never store the equipment with fuel in the tank inside a building where fumes may reach an open flame or spark.
- 4. If the engine is provided with a shut-off valve, shut off valve while storing or transporting.

5. Do not store fuel near flames.

Safety

Disposal

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Recycle and Waste Dis	sposal Page 2-
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Disposal

Recycle and Waste Disposal

About Recycle

Recycling battery etc. is recommended for environmental conservation and economical use of resources.

It may be required by local laws.

About Waste Disposal

Make sure that waste generated when servicing or repairing the machine is disposed of in accordance with local regulations. (e.g. waste oil, antifreeze, rubber products, and wires etc.)

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Vibration Level	Page	3-3
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Specifications

Specifications

Model SP05A						
Name Bunker Rake						
Туре	ype 2WD		3WD			
		with Rake	215 cm	84.65 in	←	←
D	Total length	with Rake and Blade	230 cm	90.55 in	←	←
Dimensions	Total width		190 cm	74.80 in	←	←
	Total height	Steering wheel	120 cm	47.24 in	←	←
	Machine (empty fuel tank)	with Rake	448 kg	987.65 lb	475 kg	1047.18 lb
Weight	Blade		25 kg	55.11 lb	←	←
	Cultivator		19 kg	41.89 lb	←	←
	Finishing bru	ush	10.6 kg	23.37 lb	←	←
Minimum tur	ning radius		339 cm	133.46 in	←	←
	Model		Vanguard 356447		←	
	Туре		Air-cooled 4-cycle gasoline engine		←	
Engine	Total displac	cement	570 cm ³ (0.57 L)	34.78 cu.in.	←	←
	Maximum output		13.4 kW (18.2 PS)/3,600 rpm		-	
	Rated output		-		-	
Fuel tank capacity		Gasoline 15.0 dm ³ (15.0 L)	Gasoline 3.96 U.S.gal.	←	←	
Fuel consum	nption		310 g/kW • h (rated output)	228 g/PS•h (rated output)	←	←
Engine oil ca	apacity		1.6 dm ³ (1.6 L)	0.42 U.S.gal.	←	←
Coolant volu	ime		-		-	
Hydraulic tai	nk capacity		15.0 dm ³ (15.0 L)	3.96 U.S.gal.	←	←
	n oil capacity	1	-		-	
	Rake		190 cm	74.80 in	←	←
Operating	Blade		80 cm	31.50 in	←	←
width	Cultivator		116 cm	45.67 in	←	←
	Finishing brush		195 cm	76.77 in	←	←
Operating height		1-		-		
Traveling		HST		HST (2WD/3WD selectable)		
Drive	Mowing		-		-	
Speed	Forward		0 - 16.0 km/h	0 - 9.94 mph	0 - 12.8 km/h	0 - 7.96 mph
(HST)	Reverse		0 - 6.0 km/h	0 - 3.73 mph	0 - 4.8 km/h	0 - 2.98 mph
Speed (Mechanical)			-		-	
Efficiency			-		-	
Maximum inclination for operation			15 degrees		←	
Tire size	Front wheel		DD04 44 00 40		←	

Page 3-2 Specifications

Tire size	Rear wheel	25 x 13.00 - 9	25 x 13.00 - 9		←	
Tire	Front wheel	70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm²)	10 psi	←	←	
pneumatic pressure	Rear wheel	40 kPa (0.4 kgf/cm²)	6 psi	←	←	
Battery		46B19R	46B19R			
Engine plug		PLUG, CHAMP	HAMPION XC92YC ←			

The factory default maximum engine rpm is 3,000 rpm.

Sound Pressure Level

Sound Pressure Level

This machine was confirmed to have a continuous A-weighted sound pressure level of 84 dB by measuring identical machines in accordance with the procedure specified in ISO5395-1:2013.

Sound Power Level

Sound Power Level

This machine was confirmed to have a sound power level of 98 dB by measuring identical machines in accordance with the procedure specified in ISO5395-1:2013.

Vibration Level

Hand-Arm Vibration

This machine was confirmed not to exceed a vibration level of 2.5 m/s² to hands and arms by measuring identical machines in accordance with the procedure specified in ISO 5395-1:2013.

Whole Body Vibration

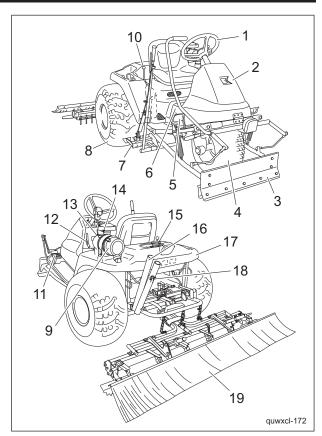
This machine was confirmed not to exceed a vibration level of 0.5 m/s² to the whole body by measuring identical machines in accordance with the procedure specified in ISO 5395-1:2013.

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) Emissions

For the CO₂ value on the engine of this machine, refer to the engine's owner's manual.

Specifications Page 3-3

Names of Each Section

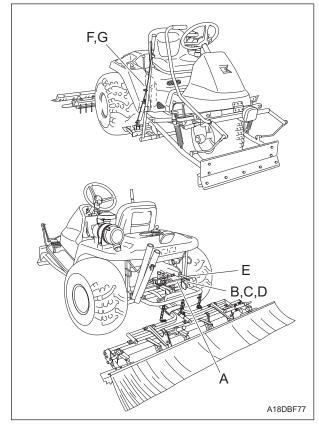


Names of Each Section_001

IN	Names of Each Section_001		
	1	Steering wheel	
	2	Front cover	
	3	Blade (option)	
	4	Front tire	
	5	Traveling pedal	
	6	Oil gauge	
	7	Cultivator (option)	
	8	Rear tire	
	9	Air cleaner	
	10	2WD/3WD selector lever (3WD	
	10	specifications)	
	11	Brake pedal	
	12	Tilt lever	
	13	Throttle lever	
	14	Up/down lever	
	15	Fuel filler	
	16	Broom holder	
	17	Rear cover	
	18	Fuel cock	
	19	Finishing brush (option)	

Regulation Decals

Positions of Regulation Decals



Positions of Regulation Decals_001

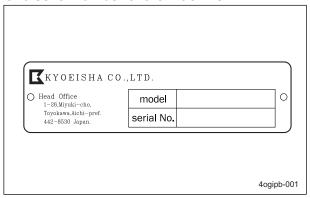
Α	Serial number plate
В	Specification decal
С	CE mark
D	UKCA mark
E	Year of manufacture decal
F	Battery capacity decal
G	Recycle decal

Page 3-4 Names of Each Section

Description of Regulation Decals

Serial Number Plate

The serial number plate indicates the model and serial number of the machine.

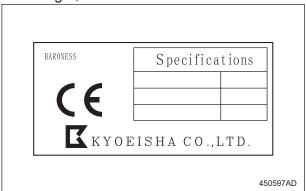


Serial Number Plate_001

Specification Decal

(For EU/UK)

The Specification decal indicates the model and weight, etc.

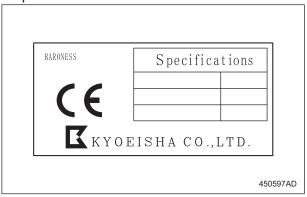


Specification Decal_001

CE Mark

(For EU)

CE mark indicates that the machine sold in the EU nations complies with the EU requirements.



CE Mark_001

UKCA Mark

(For UK)

UKCA mark indicates that the machine sold in the UK complies with the UK requirements.

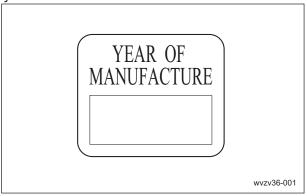


UKCA Mark_001

Year of Manufacture Decal

(For EU/UK)

The year of manufacture decal indicates the year when this machine was manufactured.



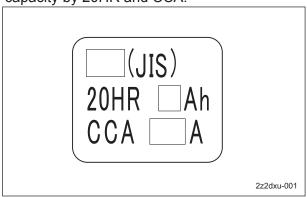
Year of Manufacture Decal_001

Regulation Decals Page 3-5

Battery Capacity Decal

(For Europe)

The battery capacity decal indicates the capacity by 20HR and CCA.

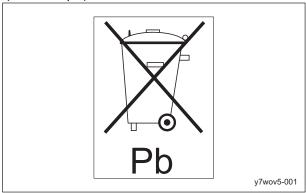


Battery Capacity Decal_001

Recycle Decal

Recycle Decal illustrates Recycle Mark in accordance with local regulation.

(For Europe)



Recycle Decal_001

(For USA)



Recycle Decal_002

Page 3-6 Regulation Decals

Safety Signs and Instruction Signs

About Safety Signs and Instruction Signs

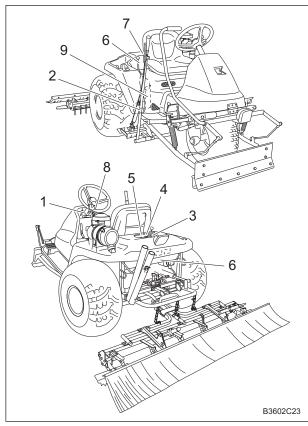
Important

Safety decals and instruction decals are attached to this product.

Make sure that they are preserved in their entirety. If they are damaged, become dirty, or peel off, replace them with new ones.

Part numbers for decals that need to be replaced are listed in the parts catalog. Order them from a Baroness dealer or Kyoeisha.

<u>Positions of Safety Decals and Instruction</u> Decals



Positions of Safety Decals and Instruction Decals_001

1	Operation decal
2	Caution to getting pinched decal
3	Caution exhaust gas decal
4	Lead-free gasoline decal
5	Fire prohibited decal
6	Caution to getting entangled decal
7	Caution for high temperatures decal
8	Caution to noise decal
9	Read owner's manual decal (#21001 -
9	21372)

<u>Description of Safety Decals and</u> Instruction Decals

Operation Decal

SP05---0560C0 Sticker, operation

1.

A Warning

Read the Owner's Operating Manual.

2.

▲ Warning

Apply the parking brake, stop the engine, remove the ignition key, and then leave the machine.

3.

▲ Warning

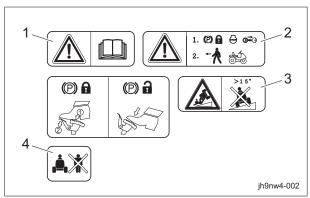
Rollover - Do not work on slopes of 15 degrees or more.

When you descend a slope, drive at low speed.

4.

▲ Caution

Flying objects - Be sure that people around the machine keep a safe distance away.



Operation Decal 001

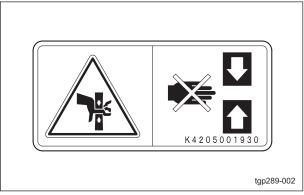
Caution to Getting Pinched Decal

K4205001930

Decal, caution to getting pinched



May pinch - There is a risk of being pinched.



Caution to Getting Pinched Decal_001

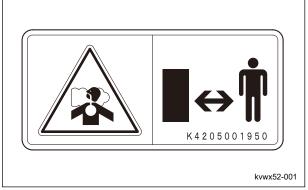
Caution Exhaust Gas Decal

K4205001950

Decal, caution exhaust gas



Caution for exhaust gas



Caution Exhaust Gas Decal_001

Lead-Free Gasoline Decal

K4209001310 Decal, lead-free gasoline Use lead-free gasoline.



Lead-Free Gasoline Decal_001

Fire Prohibited Decal

K4205001940 Decal, fire prohibited



Keep away from fire.



Fire Prohibited Decal_001

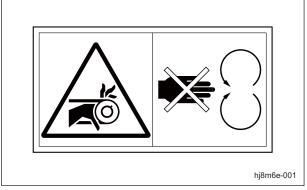
Caution to Getting Entangled Decal

K4205001910

Decal, caution to getting entangled



Watch for rotating parts - Keep your hands away from the belts while the engine is running.



Caution to Getting Entangled Decal_001

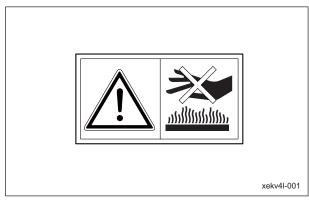
Caution for High Temperatures Decal

K4205001920

Decal, caution for high temperatures



High temperature - Do not touch. Otherwise, you will get burned.

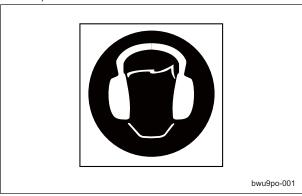


Caution for High Temperatures Decal_001

Caution to Noise Decal

K4205002090

Decal, caution to noise



Caution to Noise Decal_001

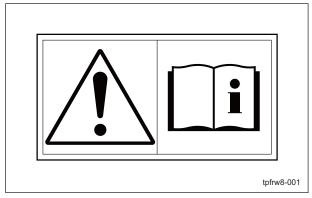
Decal on Reading Owner's Operating Manual

K4205001560

Decal, read Owner's Operating Manual



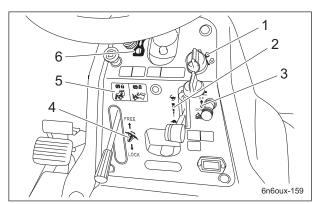
Read the Owner's Operating Manual.



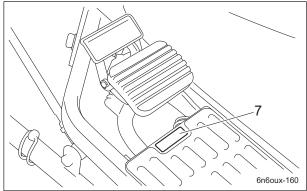
Decal on Reading Owner's Operating Manual_001

Operation Decals

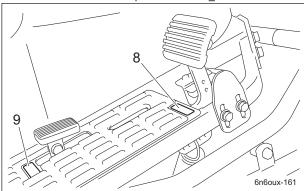
Positions of Operation Decals



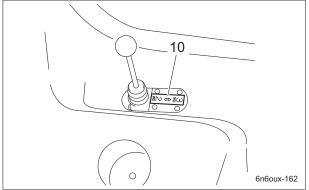
Positions of Operation Decals_001



Positions of Operation Decals_002



Positions of Operation Decals_003



Positions of Operation Decals_004

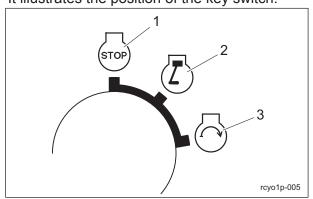
1	Key switch mark
2	Engine rotation decal
3	Rake up/down mark
4	Tilt steering mark
5	Parking brake mark
6	Light switch mark
7	BRAKE decal
8	FORWARD decal
9	BACKWARD decal
10	2WD/3WD selector lever mark

Operation Decals Page 3-11

Description of Operation Decals

Key Switch Mark

Key switch mark It illustrates the position of the key switch.



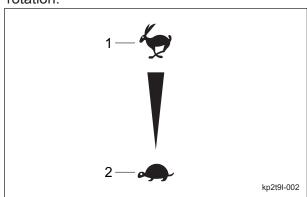
Key Switch Mark_001

1	OFF
2	ON
3	START

Engine Rotation Decal

Engine rotation decal

This indicates high/low speed of the engine rotation.



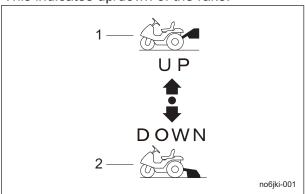
Engine Rotation Decal_001

1	High speed
2	Low speed

Rake Up/Down Mark

Rake up/down mark

This indicates up/down of the rake.



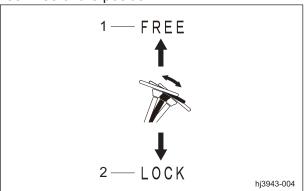
Rake Up/Down Mark_001

1	UP
2	DOWN

Tilt Steering Mark

Tilt steering mark

This indicates the direction of tilt steering and lock/free of the position.



Tilt Steering Mark_001

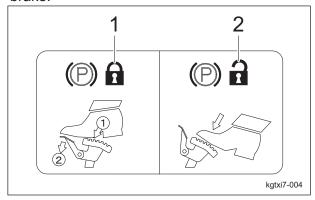
1	FREE
2	LOCK

Page 3-12 Operation Decals

Parking Brake Mark

Parking brake mark

This indicates lock/release of the parking brake.



Parking Brake Mark_001

1	Lock
2	Release

Light Switch Mark

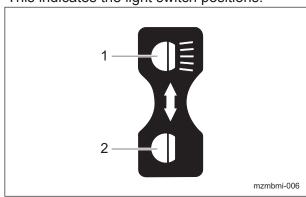
Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

K4203001410

STICKER, LIGHT SWITCH

This indicates the light switch positions.



Light Switch Mark 001

9	•
1	ON
2	OFF

BRAKE Decal

K4203001450

Decal, BRAKE

This indicates brake.



BRAKE Decal_001

FORWARD Decal

K4203001430

Decal, FORWARD

This indicates forward travel.

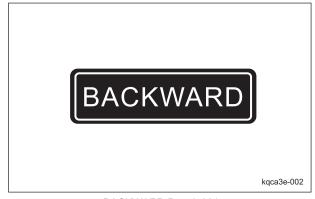


FORWARD Decal_001

BACKWARD Decal

K4203001440 Decal, BACKWARD

This indicates backward travel.



BACKWARD Decal_001

Operation Decals Page 3-13

2WD/3WD Selector Lever Mark

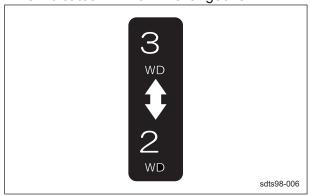
Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

K4203001380

2WD - 3WD shift lever sticker

This indicates 2WD/3WD changeover.



2WD/3WD Selector Lever Mark_001

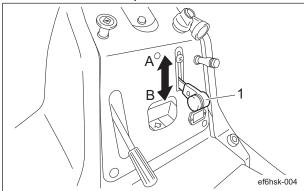
Page 3-14 Operation Decals

Throttle Lever	Page 4-2
Choke Lever	Page 4-2
Up/Down Switch Lever	Page 4-2
2WD/3WD Selector Lever	Page 4-3
Light Switch	Page 4-3
Traveling Pedal	Page 4-3
Brake Pedal	Page 4-4
Broom Holder	Page 4-4
Cargo Box	Page 4-4
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Panel	Page 4-5
Hour Meter	Page 4-5
Safety Mechanisms	Page 4-5
Warning Mechanisms	Page 4-5
Warning Buzzer	Page 4-F

Throttle Lever

The throttle lever is located on the right side below the steering wheel and enables you to adjust the engine rpm.

Move the throttle lever toward "High speed" to increase the engine rpm, and toward "Low speed" to reduce the rpm.



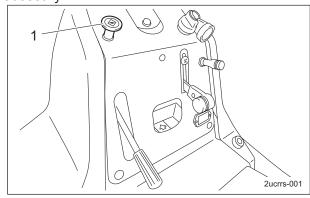
Throttle Lever_001

1	Throttle lever
Α	High speed
В	Low speed

Choke Lever

The choke lever is located on the left side below the steering wheel and its knob is to be pulled when starting the engine.

Pull the knob half way for restarting, as necessary.



Choke Lever_001

1	Choke lever
---	-------------

Up/Down Switch Lever

Important

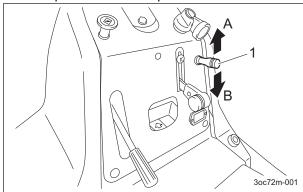
If the engine rpm is low, the rake will not be raised and lowered due to insufficient hydraulic oil.

Move the throttle lever above the middle position toward "High speed".

The up/down switch lever is on the right side below the steering wheel and is used to operate the rake.

- Shift the up/down switch lever to the "UP" position to raise the rake.
- When the lever is released, it returns to the neutral position and stops there.
- Shift the up/down switch lever to the "DOWN" position to lower the rake.

When the lever is released, it returns to the neutral position and stops there.



Up/Down Switch Lever_001

1	Up/down switch lever
Α	UP
В	DOWN

Page 4-2 Throttle Lever

2WD/3WD Selector Lever

Note:

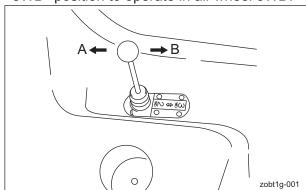
Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

Important

When switching between 2WD and 3WD operation, make sure to stop the machine completely.

The 2WD/3WD selector lever is on the right side of the driver's seat and is used to switch the traveling and operation mode.

- Shift the 2WD/3WD selector lever to the "2WD" position to operate in rear-wheel 2WD.
- Shift the 2WD/3WD selector lever to the "3WD" position to operate in all-wheel 3WD.



2WD/3WD Selector Lever_001

А	2WD
В	3WD

- * Use of 2WD or 3WD
- Use 2WD when working with the blade and high-speed traveling (maximum 16 km/h) is possible.
- Use 3WD when working on steeply sloped or soft bunkers or bunkers with a small diameter.

Light Switch

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

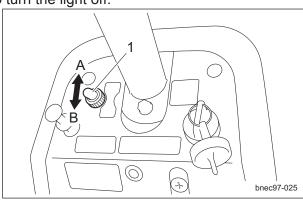


The lights provide auxiliary lighting.

Do not travel or operate the machine at night or under poor visibility.

The light switch is located in the operation panel.

Flip the switch up to turn the light on, and down to turn the light off.



Light Switch_001

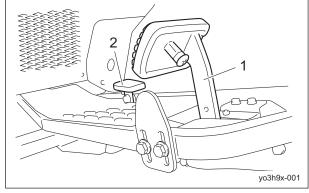
	-
1	Light switch
Α	ON
В	OFF

Traveling Pedal

The traveling pedal is located in the right foot area.

When depressed "Forward", the machine travels forward. When depressed "Backward", the machine travels in reverse.

If the pedal is secured with the speed adjustment plate during operation, the machine can be operated at a constant speed.



Traveling Pedal 001

	0 =
1	Forward
2	Backward

2WD/3WD Selector Lever Page 4-3

Brake Pedal



▲ Caution

When leaving the driver's seat, park the machine on a stable, flat surface and be sure to apply the parking brake.



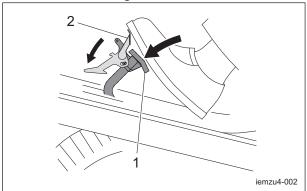
A Caution

Do not park on a slope.

The brake pedal is located in the left foot area. To stop the machine, depress the brake pedal all the way firmly.

When parking, firmly depress the brake pedal and lock it with the lock fitting.

To release it, firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting.

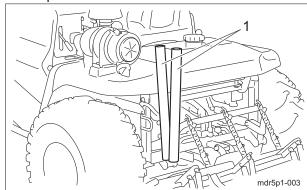


Brake Pedal_001

1	Brake pedal
2	Lock fitting

Broom Holder

Broom and rake can be stored in these holders for transport.



Broom Holder 001

Cargo Box

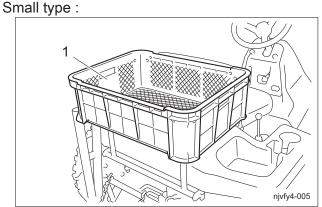
Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

Important

The maximum loading weight is 15 kg (33.07 lb).

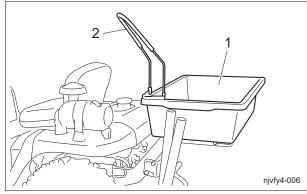
Cargo Box is a container to transport equipments such as a back pack blower which may be used together during cutting work. There are two types of cargo boxes.



Cargo Box_001

1	Cargo box
---	-----------

Large type:



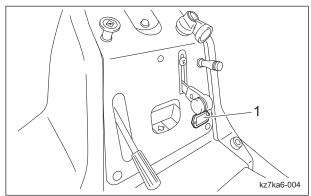
Cargo Box_002

1	Cargo box
2	Blower nozzle holder

Page 4-4 Brake Pedal

Broom Holder

Instruments on The Operation Panel



Instruments on The Operation Panel_001

1 Hour meter

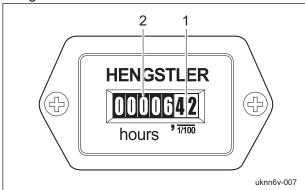
Hour Meter

The hour meter indicates the accumulated operation time of the engine.

The number in red figures on a white background is incremented every thirty-six seconds.

The number in white figures on a black background is incremented every hour. 1/100 wheel ··· red figures on a white background

Hour wheel ··· white figures on a black background



Hour Meter_001

1	1/100 wheel
2	Hour wheel

Safety Mechanisms

This machine features a safety device for starting/stopping the engine.

- As for starting the engine, the safety device prevents the engine from starting unless it meets each of the following three conditions.
 - · An operator is sitting on the seat.
 - · The parking brake is applied.
 - The traveling pedal is set to the neutral position.
- 2. In the event the operator leaves the seat with the engine running, the safety device will be activated and will stop the engine under any of the following conditions:
 - The operator leaves the seat without applying the parking brake.
 - The traveling pedal is operated after the parking brake is applied and the operator leaves the seat.

Warning Mechanisms

Warning Buzzer

1. Warning buzzer against operation with the brake applied

If the traveling pedal is depressed while the parking brake is applied, a buzzer will sound. (intermittent tone)

Release the parking brake when the warning buzzer sounds.

Page 4-6 Warning Mechanisms

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nspection and Cleaning	Page 5-3
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Hydraulic Oil	Page 5-5
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Fuel	•
Fuel Filter	_
Fuel Strainer	_
Liquid Leakage	_
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Adjustment of Steering Wheel	
Position	_
Adjustment of Seat Position	Page 5-15
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Procedure to Start Engine	Page 5-15
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Parking and Stopping	Page 5-16
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Transporting	Page 5-20
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Operations Before Service

The following sections describe the preparatory works required before performing the services including inspection, adjustment, cleaning. maintenance and repair.

Front Cover



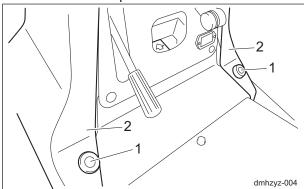
Do not open the cover in strong winds.



When closing the cover, be careful not to pinch your hands.

The front cover is in front of the steering wheel and is opened in order to perform maintenance.

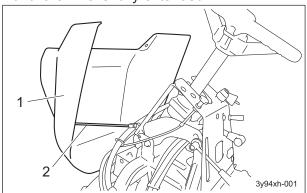
Remove the dimple knobs.



Front Cover_001

1	Dimple knobs
2	Front cover

2. Open the front cover, and then tilt it forward until the wire is fully extended.



Front Cover_002

1	Front cover
2	Wire

Rear Cover

A Warning

Stop the engine when performing recommended maintenance operations that do not require the engine to start when the rear cover is opened.

When performing maintenance with the engine started, stay away from moving parts.



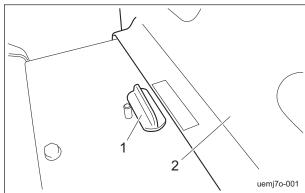
Do not open the cover in strong winds.

▲ Caution

When closing the cover, be careful not to pinch your hands.

The rear cover is under the seat and is opened in order to perform maintenance.

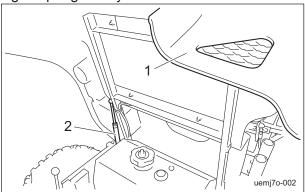
1. Release the cover fastener.



Rear Cover_001

1	Cover fastener (released)
2	Rear cover

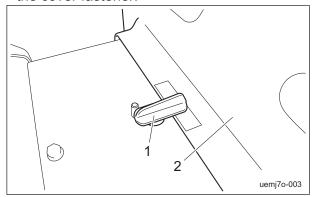
2. Open the rear cover, and then lift it until the gas spring is fully extended.



Rear Cover_002

1	Rear cover
2	Gas spring

3. When closing the rear cover, slowly lower it while firmly supporting it, and then engage the cover fastener.



Rear Cover_003

1	Cover fastener (engaged)
2	Rear cover

Inspection and Cleaning

Inspect and clean the machine with the goals of the followings.

- · Accident prevention
- · Failure prevention
- · Performance retention

Make efforts for early detection of the machine failure and prevention of the sudden occurrence of trouble.

Perform maintenance and repair works immediately if any abnormality is found in the machine.

Rake

Inspection of Rake



Wear gloves when touching a fork prong bar.

- 1. Make sure that the rake pipe is not bent.
- 2. Make sure that the cross-link chain is not twisted or worn.
- 3. Make sure that the rake shaft is not worn.
- 4. Make sure that the center shaft of the fulcrum swing fitting is not worn.
- 5. Make sure that a spring pin is not missing from the rake shaft.
- 6. Make sure that a hardened flat-head pin on the rake hanging arm is not worn.

- 7. Make sure that the plate springs are not cracked or bent.
- 8. Make sure that a spring pin is not missing from the rake fulcrum fitting.
- 9. Make sure that the rake mounting bracket is not bent.
- 10. Make sure that the smoother plate is not bent, cracked or unevenly worn.
- 11. Make sure that the warp board is not bent, cracked or worn.
- 12. Make sure that the fork prong bar is not bent or worn.

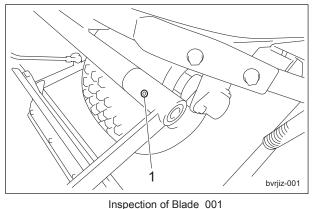
Blade

Inspection of Blade

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

1. Make sure that the spring pin is not missing from the lever arm.



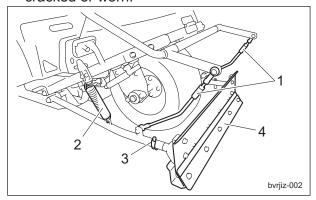
2. Make sure that the connecting shaft is not

3. Make sure that the hook spring is not bent or stretched.

Spring pin

4. Make sure that a delta pin is not missing.

5. Make sure that the small blade is not bent, cracked or worn.



Inspection of Blade_002

1	Connecting shaft
2	Hook spring
3	Delta pin
4	Small blade

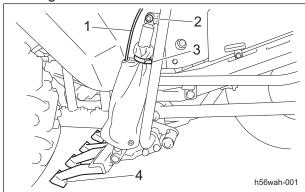
Cultivator

Inspection of Cultivator

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

- 1. Make sure that the cultivator wire is not broken.
- 2. Make sure that the free lock pin is not missing.
- 3. Make sure that the parker clamp is not loose.
- 4. Make sure that the trapezoidal cultivator fitting is not worn.



Inspection of Cultivator_001

1	Cultivator wire
2	Free lock pin
3	Parker clamp
4	Trapezoidal cultivator fitting

Finishing Brush

Inspection of Finishing Brush

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

- 1. Make sure that the brush mounting frame is not bent.
- 2. Make sure that the brush is not bent or excessively worn.

Cover

Inspection of Covers



If you have removed a protective cover during inspection, be sure to securely install it in its original position.

If a protective cover remains removed, foreign objects may fly off, possibly resulting in injuries.

- 1. Make sure that there is no wear or deterioration of protective covers.
- 2. Make sure that there is no damage to protective covers.
- Make sure that there is no interference with moving parts due to deformation of protective covers.
- 4. Make sure that protective covers are installed in their appropriate positions.

Oil Cooler

Inspection of Oil Cooler for Hydraulic Oil

- 1. Make sure that there is no damage to the oil cooler.
- 2. Make sure that the oil cooler is not contaminated.

Cleaning of Oil Cooler

Important

An unclean oil cooler may cause malfunction of the hydraulic system.

Important

Do not use solid objects, such as a spatula or screwdriver, or high-pressure water to clean the radiator or oil cooler.

Otherwise, special fins or tubes may be damaged, possibly resulting in reduced cooling performance or hydraulic oil leakage.

If the oil cooler has been contaminated with dust, be sure to clean it.

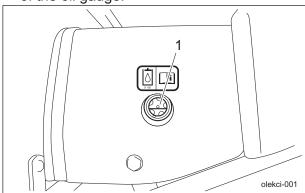
After operating the machine in a dusty environment, it is important to remove dust as soon as possible.

- 1. Open the rear cover.
- 2. Carefully clean the front and back of the oil cooler with water or compressed air.

Hydraulic Oil

Inspection of Hydraulic Oil

- 1. Lower the rake and maintain that position on a level surface.
- 2. Make sure that the oil level is at the middle of the oil gauge.



Inspection of Hydraulic Oil_001

1 Oil gauge

3. Check underneath the machine for oil leakage.

Hydraulic Oil Supply

Important

Do not mix different types of oil.

Important

Use Shell Tellus S2V32 (or equivalent) as hydraulic oil.

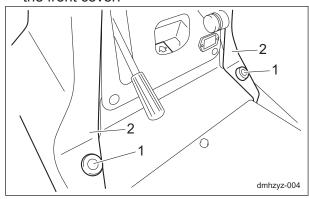
In case of an equivalent, consult
Characteristics of Hydraulic Oil and use
hydraulic oil whose characteristics are
superior to those of the specific hydraulic oil.
Especially regarding kinematic viscosity and
viscosity index, use of hydraulic oil whose
figures are less than those of the specified
hydraulic oil will cause a malfunction in the
hydraulic circuit.

Note:

Characteristics of Hydraulic Oil

Specified Hydraulic Oil		Shell Tellus S2V32
ISO Viscosity Grade		ISO VG32
Density	15 °C (59 °F)	0.869 g/cm ³ (0.0313 lb/in ³)
API Gravity		31.3
Flash Point (Open Cup)		202 °C (396 °F)
Pour Point		-40 °C (-40 °F)
Kinematic	40 °C (104 °F)	32 mm ² /s (32 cSt)
Viscosity	100 °C (212 °F)	6.1 mm ² /s (6.1 cSt)
Viscosity Index		141

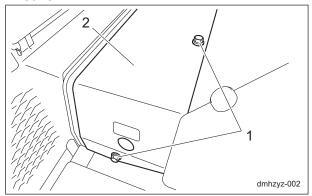
1. Remove the dimple knobs, and then open the front cover.



Hydraulic Oil Supply_001

1	Dimple knobs
2	Front cover

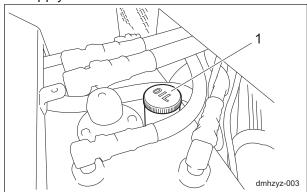
2. Remove the bolts, and then remove the cover.



Hydraulic Oil Supply_002

1	Bolt
2	Cover

3. If the oil level is low, open the tank cap and supply oil.



Hydraulic Oil Supply_003

1 Tank cap

- 4. Start the engine, raise and lower the rake, and repeatedly move forward and backward several times with the rake raised.
- Lower the rake and maintain that position on a level surface, and then check to see if the oil level is at the middle of the oil gauge. If necessary, supply oil.
- 6. Check underneath the machine for oil leakage.
- 7. Install the cover.
- 8. Close the front cover.

Hydraulic Hoses

Inspection of Hydraulic Hoses and Pipes

▲ Warning

When checking the hydraulic circuit for pinhole leaks or oil leakage from nozzles, do not use your hands. Use items such as paper or corrugated cardboard to find leakage points.

Be extremely careful with high-pressure oil as it may pierce your skin, resulting in personal accidents.

If fluid is injected into the skin it must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this form of injury or gangrene may result.

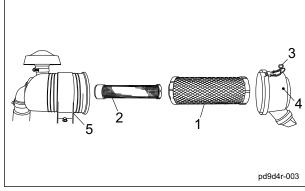
- 1. Make sure that there is no wear, deterioration or damage in the hydraulic hoses and pipes.
- Make sure that there is no looseness in the connecting portion of the hydraulic hoses and pipes.
- 3. Check underneath the machine for hydraulic oil leakage.

Air Cleaner

Inspection of Air Cleaner

Clean or replace the air cleaner element as necessary.

- Make sure that the outer element is neither damaged nor dirty.
- 2. Make sure that the inner element is neither damaged nor dirty.



Inspection of Air Cleaner_001

1	Outer element
2	Inner element
3	Clip
4	Cover
5	Air cleaner body

Cleaning of Air Cleaner Element

Important

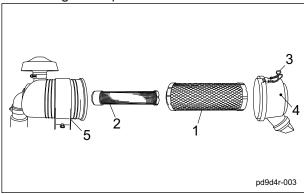
When cleaning the air cleaner element, do not use a petroleum solvent.

When cleaning and drying the air cleaner element, do not use compressed air.

Important

The inner element cannot be cleaned.

- 1. Follow the steps below to clean the outer element.
 - [1] Remove the clip, remove the cover, and then remove the element.
 - [2] While paying close attention not to damage the element, tap a solid portion of the element to remove dust and dirt. If the element is extremely contaminated, replace it with a new one.
 - [3] Attach the air cleaner element to the air cleaner body.
 - [4] Install the cover, and then affix it securely using the clip.



Cleaning of Air Cleaner Element_001

1	Outer element
2	Inner element
3	Clip
4	Cover
5	Air cleaner body

Battery

Inspection of Battery

♠ Danger

Keep away from fire while inspecting or charging the battery.

The battery may explode.

▲ Warning

Do not clean the battery with a dry cloth. Cleaning the battery with a dry cloth may cause it to catch fire or explode due to static electricity.

▲ Caution

Implement after the engine and muffler etc. have well cooled down.

Otherwise, you may get burned.

Important

Be sure to stop the engine before inspecting or charging the battery.

Battery inspection items are described below.

- 1. Inspecting the exterior
 - Visually inspect the exterior of the battery, and check that there are no cracks, splits, missing sections, or abnormal deformation in the battery case, and that there is no electrolyte leaking.
 - If abnormalities are found, immediately replace the battery.
- 2. Cleaning the exterior
 - Use a wet cloth for cleaning.

Inspect the vent plugs or vent holes on the side of the battery, and if they are blocked by dirt wash them with water to remove the blockage.

Continuing to use the battery with the vent holes blocked may cause the battery to rupture from increased internal pressure due to gases generated inside the battery.

- Inspecting the mounting bracket
 Inspect whether the battery is secured firmly with the mounting bracket.
 If the bracket is loose, tighten the mounting bracket nuts until the battery is secured firmly.
 - An improperly mounted battery may cause damage to the battery case or electrolyte leaks due to the battery moving with vibrations while traveling.
- 4. Inspecting the cable terminals
 If the connection between the battery
 terminals and vehicle's cable terminals are
 loose, tighten the nuts until the cable
 terminals are secured firmly.
 Insufficiently tightened terminals may result
 in poor battery charging, damage to the
 terminals due to poor contacts, or an
 explosion.

 If the terminals are correded rub them
 - If the terminals are corroded, rub them clean with a wire brush or fine grit sandpaper, and lightly apply anti-rust grease.
- 5. Inspecting the electrolyte level and refilling



Do not allow the battery fluid level to become lower than the LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line).

The battery may explode if it is used or charged while the battery fluid level is at the LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line).



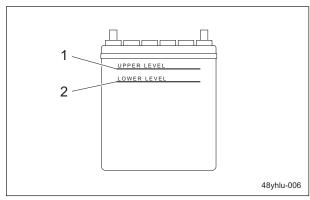
When refilling, do not fill purified water above the UPPER LEVEL line.

Doing so may result in electrolyte leaks.

Clean the areas around the battery fluid level lines using a cloth damped with water to check the electrolyte level from the side of the battery.

Make sure that the battery fluid level is between the UPPER LEVEL (maximum fluid level line) and the LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line).

Refill with purified water up to the UPPER LEVEL line if the level is lower than halfway between the UPPER LEVEL and LOWER LEVEL lines.



Inspection of Battery_001

1	UPPER LEVEL line
2	LOWER LEVEL line

Supply of Battery Fluid

♠ Danger

Be careful not to let your skin, eyes or clothes, etc., come into contact with the battery fluid or accidentally swallow the fluid.

Should your skin or clothes come into contact with the battery fluid, immediately wash them away with water.

♠ Danger

When you supply battery fluid, wear protective garments and safety glasses, etc.

♠ Warning |

Do not allow the battery fluid level to become lower than the LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line).

The battery may explode if it is used or charged while the battery fluid level is at the LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line).

♠ Warning |

When refilling, do not fill purified water above the UPPER LEVEL (maximum fluid level line). Doing so may result in electrolyte leaks.

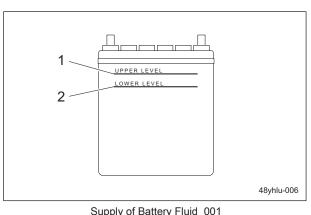
A Caution

Implement after the engine and muffler etc. have well cooled down.

Otherwise you may get burned.

If the battery fluid level is lower than halfway between the UPPER LEVEL (maximum fluid level line) and LOWER LEVEL (minimum fluid level line), add purified water.

- 1. Loosen the vent plug and remove it.
- 2. Add purified water up to the UPPER LEVEL (maximum fluid level line)
- 3. Tighten the vent plug securely.



Supply	of Bat	tery F	luid	001

1	Maximum fluid level line
2	Minimum fluid level line

Electrical Wiring

Inspection of Electrical Wiring

Important

Electrical short circuit will cause fire, electrical leakage and malfunction of electrical equipments.

- 1. Make sure that there is no defacement in wires and terminals.
- 2. Make sure that there is no deterioration or damage in wires and terminals.
- 3. Make sure that there is no looseness in wiring connections.
- 4. Make sure that there is no poor terminal connection.

Tire

Inspection of Tires

- 1. Check the pneumatic pressure of the tires.
- 2. Make sure that there are no cracks. damage or abnormal wear.

Tire size	Pneumatic pressure
Front wheel (PD21 x 11.00 - 10)	70 kPa (0.7 kgf/cm²)
Rear wheel (25 x 13.00 - 9)	40 kPa (0.4 kgf/cm²)

Brake

Inspection of Brake

- When depressing the brake pedal fully, make sure that there is appropriate clearance between the floorboard and the pedal or pedal reserve distance.
- 2. When depressing the brake pedal fully, make sure that the pedal reaction is not spongy and that there is no noise.
- When depressing the brake pedal during traveling, make sure that the machine stops smoothly and the braking is sufficiently effective.

Inspection of Parking Brake

- Depress the locking pedal while firmly depressing the brake pedal to lock it and check that the brake is applied effectively.
- 2. Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the locking pedal to release the brake pedal, and then check that the brake is not applied.

Belt

Inspection of Belt



The engine must be stopped when the belt is inspected.

Be careful since the belt may rotate and something may get caught in it, even if the engine is stopped.



The engine muffler is near the belt. Inspect the belt after the muffler has sufficiently cooled.

- 1. Press the middle of the belt with your finger to check the belt tension.
- 2. Make sure that there are no cracks, damage or abnormal wear.

Wire

Inspection of Wire

- 1. Make sure that the wire is not cracked or damaged.
- 2. Make sure that the wire is not worn.
- 3. Make sure that the wire is not crushed.
- 4. Make sure that the wire is not bent.
- Make sure that the wire is not corroded or rusted.

Steering Wheel

Inspection of Steering Wheel

- 1. Make sure that there is no play in the steering wheel.
- Make sure that the steering wheel can be turned smoothly without abnormal noise, etc.
- 3. Make sure that the steering chain is not overtightened and is not loose.
- 4. Make sure that there are no cracks, damage or abnormal wear in the steering chain.

Safety Device

Inspection of Safety Device

Make sure that the safety device operates correctly.

"Safety Mechanisms" (Page 4-5) Repair the machine before operation whenever there is any abnormality.

Around The Engine

Inspection of Engine-Associated Parts



Perform operations after the engine and other parts have sufficiently cooled.

Otherwise, you may suffer burns.

- 1. Check for damages and dirt.
- 2. Check the mount for looseness and cracks.
- 3. Check for liquid leakage.
- 4. Check on and around the muffler for grass clippings and flammable materials.

Cleaning Engine-Associated Parts



Caution

Perform operations after the engine and other parts have sufficiently cooled.

Otherwise, you may suffer burns.

- 1. Clean clippings and remove dirt.
- 2. Blow compressed air to clean any grass or flammable materials that may be attached on or around the muffler.

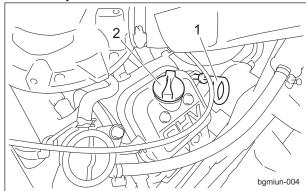
Engine Oil

Inspection of Engine Oil

Important

Securely tighten the oil level gauge and oil filler cap.

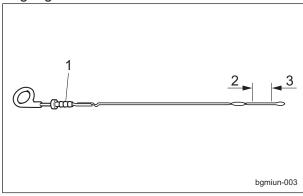
- 1. Stop the engine, wait for 10 to 20 minutes for the engine to cool down, and then check the engine oil.
- 2. Position the machine so that the engine will be level, then insert the oil level gauge all the way to check the oil level.



Inspection of Engine Oil_001

1	Oil level gauge
2	Oil filler cap

3. The appropriate oil level should be between the upper and lower limit lines on the gauge.



Inspection of Engine Oil 002

1	Oil level gauge
2	Upper limit
3	Lower limit

Supply of Engine Oil

Important

Do not fill too much engine oil. Otherwise, the engine may be damaged.

Important

Do not mix different types of engine oil.

Important

Be sure to use engine oil that is classified as API Service Grade SF or higher, with an SAE Viscosity that is appropriate for the operating environment (ambient temperature).

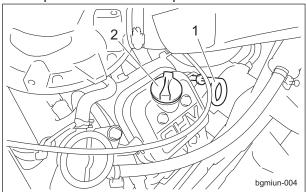
Important

Securely tighten the oil level gauge and oil filler cap.

If they are insufficiently tightened or there is an insufficient seal, negative pressure inside the crankcase cannot be maintained, causing the oil to rise, possibly resulting in the production of white smoke and damage to the engine.

1. If the engine oil level is lower than the lower limit line on the oil level gauge, supply engine oil through the oil filling port. Remove the oil filler cap.

- 2. Supply new engine oil until the oil reaches a level in between the upper and lower limit lines on the oil level gauge.
- 3. Re-place the oil filler cap.



Supply of Engine Oil_001

1	Oil level gauge
2	Oil filler cap

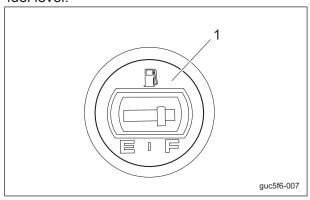
4. It will take a while for the supplied engine oil to descend into the oil pan.

Check the oil level again 10 to 20 minutes after supplying the oil.

Fuel

Inspection of Fuel Quantity

With the machine on a level surface, observe the fuel gauge on the fuel tank to check the fuel level.



Inspection of Fuel Quantity_001

1 Fuel gauge

Fuel Supply

A Warning

Supply fuel before starting the engine. Never remove the tank cap or supply fuel while the engine is running.

When opening the tank cap, wait at least 1 minute after stopping the engine, and then slowly open the cap to release the pressure in the tank.

Opening the tank cap quickly may cause fuel to burst out.

A Warning

Do not supply fuel above FULL level of the fuel gauge.

If you supply too much fuel, it might overflow from the fuel cap when you travel or work on a slope.

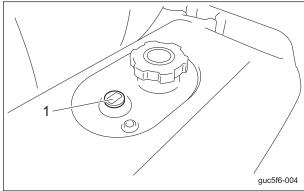
▲ Warning

Keep fire away while refueling. Do not smoke while refueling.

▲ Warning

Supply fuel after the engine is stopped and has well cooled down.

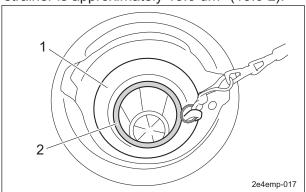
If the fuel gauge located on the fuel tank indicates a level close to E (EMPTY), supply gasoline at your earliest convenience.



Fuel Supply_001

1 Fuel gauge

The fuel tank capacity up to the red ring of strainer is approximately 15.0 dm³ (15.0 L).



Fuel Supply_002

1	Strainer
2	Red ring

Fuel Filter

Inspection of Fuel Filter

- 1. Make sure that there is no fuel leakage.
- 2. Make sure that the filter is not damaged.
- 3. Make sure that the filter is not contaminated.

Fuel Strainer

Inspection of Fuel Strainer

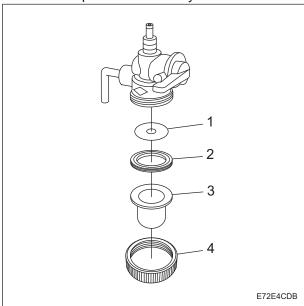
- 1. Make sure that there is no fuel leakage.
- 2. Make sure that the fuel strainer is not damaged or dirty.

Cleaning of Fuel Strainer

Important

Shut off the fuel valve, and then clean the fuel strainer in a clean location, free of dust and dirt.

1. Remove the filter pot, wash the filter and inside of the filter pot using a solvent, such as a hardly flammable kerosene, and then blow compressed air to dry them.



Cleaning of Fuel Strainer_001

1	Filter
2	Packing
3	Filter pot
4	Ring

2. Make sure that there is no fuel leakage after it is installed.

Liquid Leakage

Inspection of Liquid Leakage

Important

After approximately 50 hours of operation, some tightened portions may be loosened and liquid such as oil may leak.

Be sure to retighten the parts.

Important

Repair the machine before operation if liquid leakage found.

Ignoring leakage will cause further trouble.

- 1. Check the bottom of the machine for leakage of liquid such as oil, water, fuel, etc.
- 2. Locate the leakage and identify the type of liquid.

Bolts and Nuts

Inspection of Bolts and Nuts

Important

The bolts and nuts may be loosened at the earlier stage of the use.

Be sure to retighten or replace before operating the machine whenever there is any abnormality.

- 1. Check the bolts and nuts for looseness and coming off.
- 2. Check the bolts and nuts for cracks and damages.
- 3. Check the bolts and nuts for rust.
- 4. Check around the bolts and nuts for traces of rust fluid.
- 5. Check for unequal bolt length.
- 6. Check the bolts and nuts for stripped threads and abrasion.

Inspection of Wheel Mounting Bolt

Important

Tighten the wheel mounting bolts on the specified torque by using a torque wrench.

1. Check the wheel mounting bolts and wheel nuts for looseness and coming off.

- 2. Check the wheel mounting bolts and wheel nuts for cracks and damages.
- 3. Check the wheel mounting bolts and wheel nuts for rust.
- 4. Check around the wheel mounting bolts and wheel nuts for traces of rust fluid.
- 5. Check the wheel mounting bolts for unequal bolt length.
- 6. Check the wheel mounting bolts and wheel nuts for stripped threads and abrasion.

Adjustment before Work

Adjustment of Steering Wheel Position

▲ Warning

Since it is dangerous, do not adjust the steering wheel while traveling.

▲ Caution

Be sure the steering wheel position is securely locked.

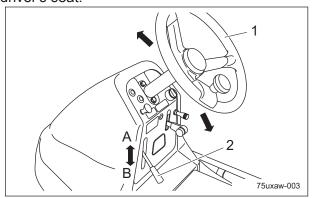
It may result in an unexpected accident if it becomes loose while traveling.

The steering wheel position can be adjusted up or down with the tilt lever.

Adjust the position according to the operator's body size.

Shift the tilt lever to the "FREE" position, move the steering wheel to the position that suits your work requirements, and then shift the tilt lever to the "LOCK" position to secure the steering wheel in place.

The tilt lever is located at the center of the driver's seat.



Adjustment of Steering Wheel_001

1	Steering wheel
2	Tilt lever
Α	FREE
В	LOCK

Adjustment of Seat Position

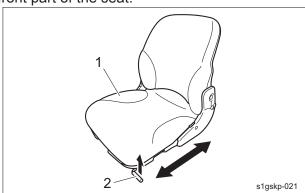


Since it is dangerous, do not adjust while traveling.

Use the seat adjustment lever to adjust the seat position back and forth.

Adjust the position according to the operator's body size.

The adjustment lever is located beneath the front part of the seat.



Adjustment of Seat Position_001

1	Seat
2	Adjuster lever

Start/Stop of Engine

Procedure to Start Engine



Caution

Do not start the engine in a building with insufficient ventilation.



A Caution

Before starting the engine, make sure that there are no other people or obstacles around the machine.



Make sure that the covers are correctly in place and are not damaged.

Important

Starter operation must take 15 seconds or less. If the engine does not start, stop using the battery for 30 to 60 seconds to avoid exhausting the battery.

- 1. Open the fuel cock. This is near the fuel tank.
- 2. Sit on the seat.
- 3. Make sure that the parking brake is applied.
- 4. Make sure that the traveling pedal is in neutral position.
- 5. Move the throttle lever to the middle position between "High" and "Low".
- 6. Pull the choke knob. Pull the choke knob half way for restarting, as necessary.
- 7. Switch the ignition key to the "START" position.

Important

Quickly returning the ignition key from the "START" position to the "ON" position may result in damage to the machine.

- 8. When the starter starts rotating and the engine starts, slowly return the ignition key to the "ON" position.
- 9. Check that the engine has started, and then return the choke knob to its original position.
- 10. Shift the throttle lever to "Low", and then warm up the engine.

Approximate warming-up time

- · 3 to 5 minutes when the outside temperature is less than 20 degrees Celsius
- · 2 to 3 minutes when the outside temperature is 20 degrees Celsius and over

Procedure to Stop Engine

- 1. Raise the rake section.
- 2. Raise the attachment if any installed.
- 3. Set the traveling pedal in neutral position.
- 4. Apply the parking brake.
- 5. Move the throttle lever to "Low", and continue idling for 1-2 minutes.
- 6. Switch the ignition key to the "OFF" position.
- 7. Make sure that the engine has stopped.

Start/Stop of Engine

Parking and Stopping

Leaving The Machine



A Caution

If the brakes are not sufficiently effective, use the wheel stoppers to secure the machine.



Never park the machine on a slope.

- 1. Park the machine on level ground.
- 2. Apply the parking brake.
- 3. Stop the engine.
- 4. Remove the ignition key.
- 5. Step off the machine.
- 6. Close the fuel cock.

Move

Traveling Procedure



Caution

Under any circumstances drive the machine at such a speed that you can stop it immediately for emergencies.

Important

Do NOT start to move or stop the machine abruptly.

It will damage the hydraulic system or result in oil leakage.

- 1. Start the engine. "Procedure to Start Engine" (Page 5-15)
- 2. Make sure that the rake section is raised.
- 3. Make sure that all the attachments are raised if any installed.
- 4. Gradually move the throttle lever towards "High Speed" position.
- 5. Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting to release the brake pedal.
- 6. Slowly depress the traveling pedal.
- 7. The machine starts traveling.
- 8. Release the traveling pedal and depress the brake pedal to stop the machine.

Operations

Rake Operation



▲ Caution

Perform operations at an appropriate speed for the site and location.



▲ Caution

Before starting operations, check that the area where the operations are to be performed is safe.



▲ Caution

Before raising or lowering the rake, make sure that there are no people around the rake.

Important

Do NOT start to move or stop the machine abruptly.

It will damage the hydraulic system or result in oil leakage.

1. Start the engine.

"Procedure to Start Engine" (Page 5-15)

Important

If the engine rpm is low, the rake will not be raised and lowered due to insufficient hydraulic oil.

Move the throttle lever above the middle position toward "High speed".

- 2. Make sure that the rake section is raised.
- 3. Make sure that all the attachments are raised if any installed.
- Move the throttle lever toward "High speed" to rev up the engine to MAX.
- 5. Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting.

The parking brake is released at the same time.

Page 5-16 Parking and Stopping



A Caution

Do not enter or leave a bunker via a steep slope or extremely uneven ground.

Important

When switching between 2WD and 3WD operation, make sure to stop the machine completely.

6. Enter the bunker.

Important

Do not back up with the rake, cultivator or finishing brush lowered.

- 7. Depress the traveling pedal to travel.
- 8. At the bunker area where the operation is to be started, shift the up/down switch lever to the "DOWN" position to lower the rake.
- 9. At the bunker area where the operation is to be stopped, shift the up/down switch lever to the "UP" position to raise the rake.
- 10. Leave the bunker.
- 11. If tire tracks remain, use the broom to remove them.

Blade Operation



A Caution

Perform operations at an appropriate speed for the site and location.



A Caution

Before starting operations, check that the area where the operations are to be performed is safe.



A Caution

Before raising or lowering the rake, make sure that there are no people around the rake.



A Caution

If the blade is raised, do not touch the lifting lever.

A Caution

When getting on and off the machine, watch out the blade lever lest you should get your foot caught on it and fall.

Important

Do NOT start to move or stop the machine abruptly.

It will damage the hydraulic system or result in oil leakage.

1. Start the engine.

"Procedure to Start Engine" (Page 5-15)

Important

If the engine rpm is low, the rake will not be raised and lowered due to insufficient hydraulic oil.

Move the throttle lever above the middle position toward "High speed".

- 2. Make sure that the rake section is raised.
- 3. Make sure that all the attachments are raised if any installed.
- 4. Move the throttle lever toward "High speed" to rev up the engine to MAX.
- 5. Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting.

The parking brake is released at the same



Caution

Do not enter or leave a bunker via a steep slope or extremely uneven ground.

Important

When switching between 2WD and 3WD operation, make sure to stop the machine completely.

6. Enter the bunker.

Operations Page 5-17

Important

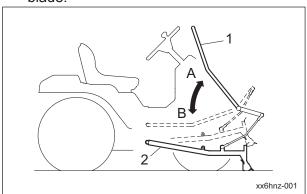
Perform blade operations in 2WD.

7. Shift the 2WD/3WD selector lever to the "2WD" position to operate in rear-wheel 2WD.

Important

Do not back up with the rake, cultivator or finishing brush lowered.

- 8. Depress the traveling pedal to travel.
- 9. At the bunker area where the operation is to be started, repeatedly perform the following operations.
 - · Move the blade lever forward to lower the blade, and then keep pushing the blade lever forward to lift the sand while driving forward.
 - · Pull the blade lever toward you to raise the blade.



Blade_005

1	Blade lever
2	Blade
Α	Tilted up (blade lowered)
В	Pulled down (blade raised)

<u>Cultivator Operation</u>



A Caution

Perform operations at an appropriate speed for the site and location.



Before starting operations, check that the area where the operations are to be performed is safe.

Important

Do NOT start to move or stop the machine abruptly.

It will damage the hydraulic system or result in oil leakage.

1. Start the engine.

"Procedure to Start Engine" (Page 5-15)

Important

If the engine rpm is low, the rake will not be raised and lowered due to insufficient hydraulic oil.

Move the throttle lever above the middle position toward "High speed".

- Make sure that the rake section is raised.
- 3. Make sure that all the attachments are raised if any installed.
- 4. Move the throttle lever toward "High speed" to rev up the engine to MAX.
- 5. Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting.
 - The parking brake is released at the same time.



Caution

Do not enter or leave a bunker via a steep slope or extremely uneven ground.

Important

When switching between 2WD and 3WD operation, make sure to stop the machine completely.

6. Enter the bunker.

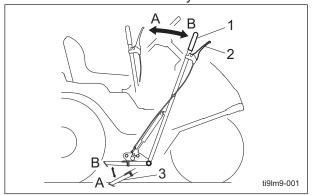
Important

Do not back up with the rake, cultivator or finishing brush lowered.

7. Depress the traveling pedal to travel.

Page 5-18 **Operations**

8. At the bunker area where the operation is to be started, squeeze the clutch lever and pull the cultivator lever toward you.



Cultivator 004

1	Cultivator lever
2	Clutch lever
3	Cultivator board
Α	Pull (lowered)
В	Push (raised)

- 9. Lower the cultivator board to the desired depth, and then release the clutch lever.
- 10. At the bunker area where the operation is to be stopped, squeeze the clutch lever and push the cultivator lever to raise the cultivator board.
- 11. At the bunker area where the operation is to be started, shift the up/down switch lever to the "DOWN" position to lower the rake.
- 12. At the bunker area where the operation is to be stopped, shift the up/down switch lever to the "UP" position to raise the rake.
- 13. Leave the bunker.
- 14. If tire tracks remain, use the broom to remove them.

Finishing Brush Operation



Perform operations at an appropriate speed for the site and location.



Before starting operations, check that the area where the operations are to be performed is safe.

Important

Do NOT start to move or stop the machine abruptly.

It will damage the hydraulic system or result in oil leakage.

1. Start the engine.

"Procedure to Start Engine" (Page 5-15)

Important

If the engine rpm is low, the rake will not be raised and lowered due to insufficient hydraulic oil.

Move the throttle lever above the middle position toward "High speed".

- 2. Make sure that the rake section is raised.
- 3. Make sure that all the attachments are raised if any installed.
- 4. Move the throttle lever toward "High speed" to rev up the engine to MAX.
- Firmly depress the brake pedal and release the lock fitting.
 The parking brake is released at the same time.



Do not enter or leave a bunker via a steep slope or extremely uneven ground.

- 6. Enter the bunker.
- 7. Stop the machine and apply the parking brake.

Important

When switching between 2WD and 3WD operation, make sure to stop the machine completely.

- 8. Adjust the height of the brush from the ground according to the bunker conditions.
- 9. Release the parking brake.

Important

Do not back up with the rake, cultivator or finishing brush lowered.

10. Depress the traveling pedal to travel.

Operations Page 5-19

- 11. At the bunker area where the operation is to be started, shift the up/down switch lever to the "DOWN" position to lower the rake. The finishing brush is lowered at the same time.
- 12. At the bunker area where the operation is to be stopped, shift the up/down switch lever to the "UP" position to raise the rake. The finishing brush is raised at the same time.
- 13. Leave the bunker.
- 14. If tire tracks remain, use the broom to remove them.

Transporting

Transporting Procedure

When loading the machine into a trailer or a truck to transport it, drive the machine in reverse. When unloading, drive the machine forward.

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Precautions for Maintenance



The chapter "Maintenance" in this manual describes practical measures which should be performed by a mechanic with expertise.

The owner should instruct the mechanic with expertise to perform maintenance service for this machine.



First, learn well the operations you plan to perform.

Important

Use tools appropriate for each operation.

Important

Use Baroness genuine parts for replacement and accessories.

Our product warranty may be void if you use non-genuine parts for replacement or accessories.

Jacking Up The Machine

About Jacking Up The Machine

▲ Warning

When replacing a tire or beginning any other maintenance or repairs, be sure to chock the wheels to prevent the machine from moving. Before jacking up the machine, park it on a hard, flat surface such as a concrete floor and remove any obstacles that could prevent you from performing the work safely.

When necessary, use an appropriate chain block, hoist, or jack.

Support the machine securely with jack stands or appropriate blocks.

Failure to do so may cause the machine to move or fall, resulting in injury or death.

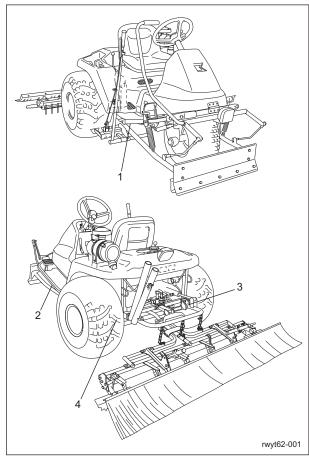
Important

Only place a jack under the jack-up points specified.

Placing a jack at any other point will result in damage to the frame or other parts.

Use the jack-up points identified in this manual when jacking up the machine.

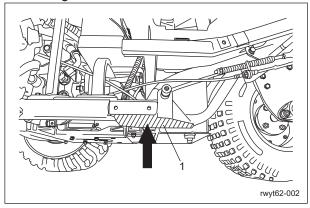
Jack-Up Points



Jack-Up Points_001

	Jack-up Points
1	Front right frame
2	Front left frame
3	Rear right frame
4	Rear left frame

1. Front right frame



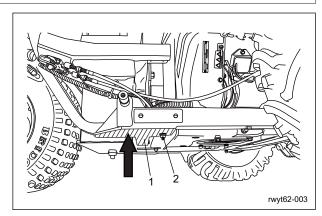
Jack-Up Points_002

Reinforcing plate

2. Front left frame

Important

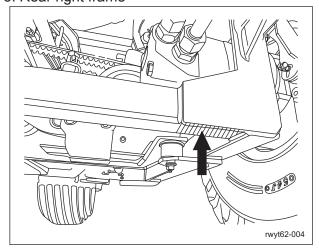
One nut is used to install the reinforcing plate. Be careful that the jack does not hit the nut.



Jack-Up Points_003

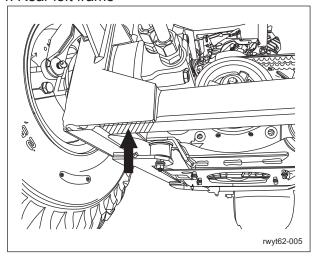
1	Reinforcing plate
2	Nut

3. Rear right frame



Jack-Up Points_004

4. Rear left frame



Jack-Up Points_005

Greasing

About Greasing

Since there may be adhesion or damage due to lack of grease on moving parts, they must be greased.

Add urea-based No. 2 grease in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.

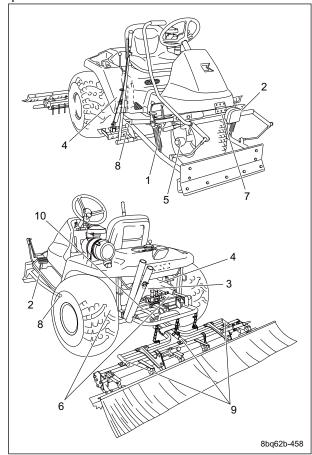
Other locations where the specified grease or lubricant is used are indicated in "Greasing Points".

Add grease using the specified grease or lubricant.

Greasing Page 6-3

Greasing Points

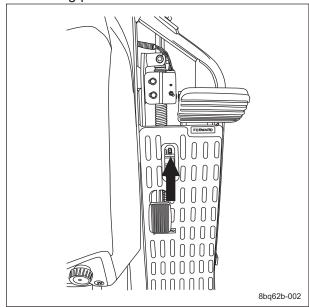
Grease nipples are installed in the following locations. Add grease every 50 hours of operation.



Greasing Points_001

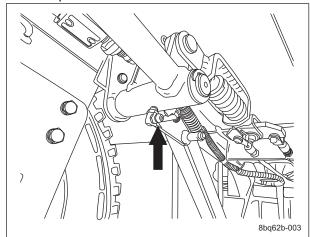
	Greasing Folitis_00 F				
	Location	No. of Greasing Points			
		2WD	3WD		
1	Traveling pedal fulcrum	1	1		
2	Brake pedal fulcrum	1	1		
3	Belt tension lever	1	1		
4	Pump neutral lever fulcrum	1	1		
5	Front wheel shaft rhombic flange unit	2	1		
6	Rear wheel brake lever fulcrum	2	2		
7	Blade lever fulcrum	1	1		
8	Blade arm fulcrum	2	2		
9	Rake mount	3	3		
10	Rake fulcrum	1	1		

1. Traveling pedal fulcrum



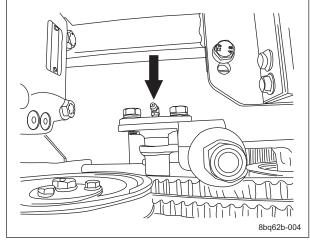
Greasing Points_002

2. Brake pedal fulcrum



Greasing Points_003

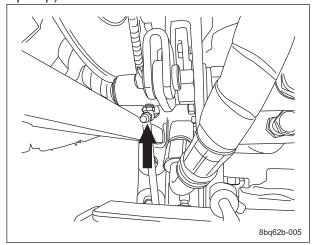
3. Belt tension lever (below pump pulley)



Greasing Points_004

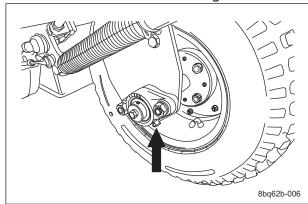
Page 6-4 Greasing

4. Pump neutral lever fulcrum (above piston pump)



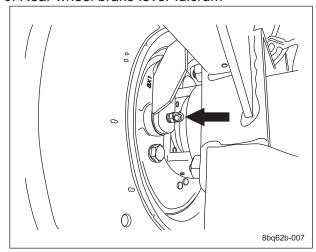
Greasing Points_005

5. Front wheel shaft rhombic flange unit

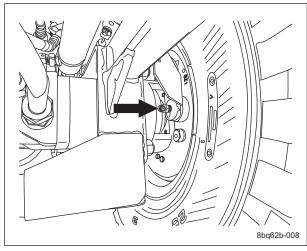


Greasing Points_006

6. Rear wheel brake lever fulcrum

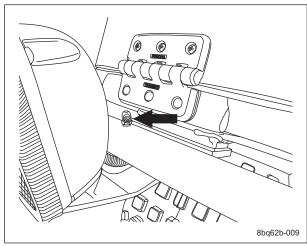


Greasing Points_007



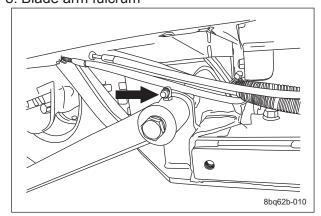
Greasing Points_008

7. Blade lever fulcrum



Greasing Points_009

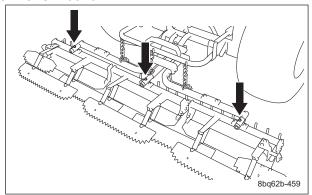
8. Blade arm fulcrum



Greasing Points_010

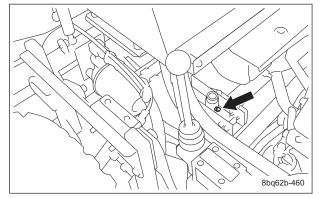
Greasing Page 6-5

9. Rake mount



Greasing Points_011

10. Rake fulcrum



Greasing Points_012

Lubrication

About Lubrication

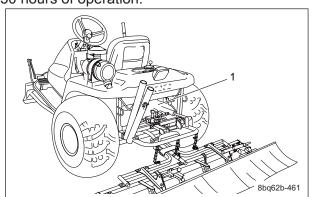
It is necessary to lubricate moving parts so that they will not become stuck or damaged. The locations where lubricant is used are

indicated in "Lubricating Points".

Apply the lubricant.

Lubricating Points

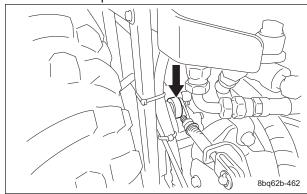
Apply lubricant at the following locations every 50 hours of operation.



Lubricating Points_001

		No. of
	Location	lubrica
		ting
		points
1	Rake up/down cylinder spherical bearing	1

1. Rake up/down cylinder spherical bearing There is one point.



Lubricating Points_002

Adjustment and Replacement

Adjustment of Speed Adjustment Plate

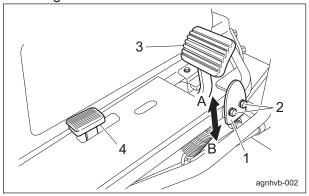
▲ Warning

Since it is dangerous, do not adjust the speed adjustment plate while traveling.

The height of the speed adjustment plate can be adjusted with the bolts.

Use the speed adjustment plate to operate the machine at a constant speed.

- 1. Loosen the bolts.
- 2. Determine the operating speed, adjust the height of the speed adjustment plate, and then tighten the bolts.



Adjustment of Speed Adjustment Plate_001

Page 6-6 Lubrication

1	Speed adjustment plate
2	Bolt
3	Forward pedal
4	Reverse pedal
Α	Slow
В	Fast

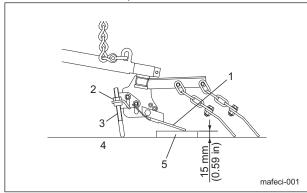
Rake

Adjustment of Rake



Before adjusting the rake, be sure to stop the engine.

- 1. The rake can be adjusted with the nut.
 - [1] On a level surface, lower the rake, and then drive the machine forward about approximately 200 mm (7.87 in).
 - [2] Place a wooden board with a thickness of about 15 mm (0.59 in) under the warp board.
 - [3] Adjust the fork prong bar to a position where the rake load is applied to the wooden board and the tip of the fork prong bar lightly touches the ground, and then lock it in place with the nut.

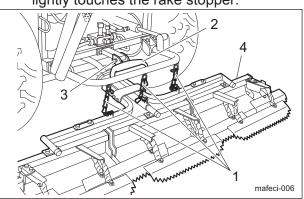


Adjustment of Rake_001

1	Warp board
2	Nut
3	Fork prong bar
4	Flat concrete surface
5	Wooden board, etc.

- 2. When adjusting the links of the cross-link chains, adjust the rake stopper.
 - As a standard, 7 links of the chain are used.
 - [1] Loosen the nut.
 - [2] Raise the rake.

- [3] Adjust the rake stopper so that it lightly touches the rake, and then tighten the nut.
- [4] Raise and lower the rake to check that it lightly touches the rake stopper.



Adjustment of Rake_002

1	Cross-link chains
2	Rake stopper
3	Nut
4	Rake

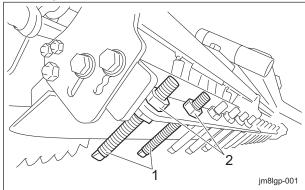
Change of Fork Prong Bar



Wear gloves when touching a fork prong bar.

When wear of the fork prong bar results in no margin for tightening the nut on the fork prong bar, replace the fork prong bar.

1. Loosen the nut, and then replace the fork prong bar.



Change of Fork Prong Bar_001

1	Fork prong bar
2	Nut

- 2. Adjust the fork prong bar.
 "Adjustment of Rake" (Page 6-7)
- 3. Tighten the nut.

Blade

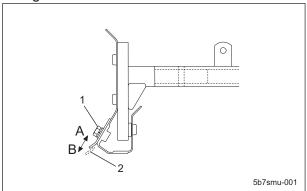
Adjustment of Blade

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

The blade can be adjusted with the bolt.

- 1. Loosen the bolt, and then move the small blade to the desired position.
 - [1] Toward A to take a thin layer from the surface of the sand
 - [2] Toward B to take a thick layer from the surface of the sand
- 2. Tighten the bolt.



Adjustment	٥f	Dlada	001
Adjustment	OT	Blade	UUT

1	Bolt
2	Small blade

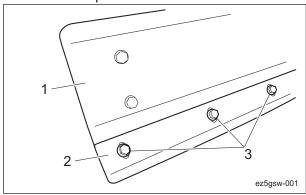
Change of Small Blade

Note:

Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

When wear of the small blade causes a reduction in the amount of sand that is lifted up, replace the small blade.

1. Loosen the bolts installing the small blade, and then replace the small blade.



Change of Small Blade_001

1	Blade
2	Small blade
3	Bolt

- Adjust the small blade."Adjustment of Blade" (Page 6-8)
- 3. Tighten the bolts.

Cultivator

Change of The Cultivator Fitting

Note:

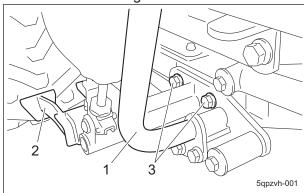
Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.



When removing the cultivator, be careful not to pinch your hands.

When wear of the trapezoidal cultivator fitting disables unhardening the sand, replace the trapezoidal cultivator fitting.

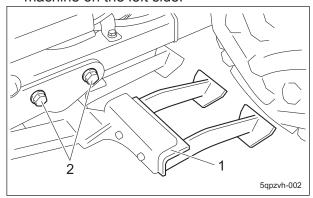
1. Remove the bolts at the bottom of the machine on the right side.



Change of The Cultivator Fitting_001

1	Lever pipe
2	Trapezoidal cultivator fitting
3	Bolt

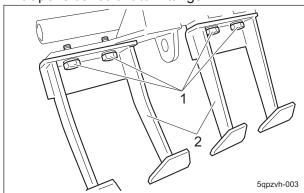
2. Remove the bolts at the bottom of the machine on the left side.



Change of The Cultivator Fitting_002

1	Cultivator
2	Bolt

- 3. Pull out the cultivator from the bottom of the machine.
- 4. Remove the bolts, and then replace the trapezoidal cultivator fittings.



Change of The Cultivator Fitting_003

1	Bolt
2	Trapezoidal cultivator fitting

5. Tighten the bolts for the trapezoidal cultivator fitting.



When installing the cultivator, pay attention to its falling.

6. Install the cultivator to the machine with bolts.

Finishing Brush

Adjustment of Finishing Brush

Note:

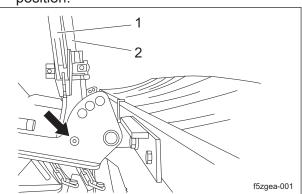
Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.

The height of the finishing brush can be adjusted by moving the right and left movable arms while griping the right and left clutch levers.

Return the clutch levers after adjusting the height of the brush on the ground according to the bunker conditions.

The mounting height can be adjusted to one of four levels.

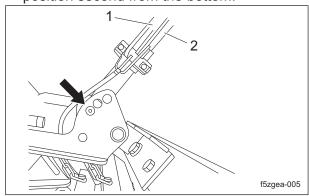
1. When traveling, adjust to the lowest position.



Adjustment of Finishing Brush_001

1	Clutch lever
2	Movable arm

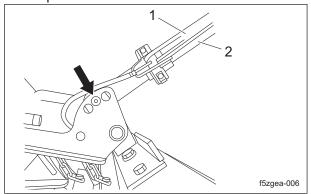
2. When used for light finishing, adjust to the position second from the bottom.



Adjustment of Finishing Brush 002

,	o _
1	Clutch lever
2	Movable arm

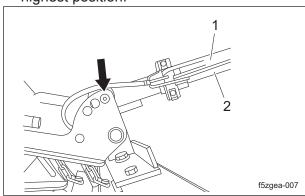
3. When used for normal finishing, adjust to the position third from the bottom.



Adjustment of Finishing Brush_003

1	Clutch lever
2	Movable arm

4. When used for heavy finishing, adjust to the highest position.



Adjustment of Finishing Brush_004

1	Clutch lever
2	Movable arm

Change of Finishing Brush

Note:

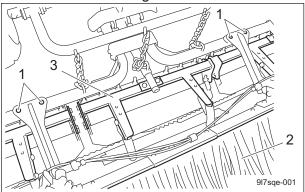
Depending on the specifications, this function may not be available.



Be careful since the finishing brush is heavy.

When wear of the finishing brush results in rake tracks remaining, replace the finishing brush.

1. Remove the bolts from the rake, and then remove the finishing brush.



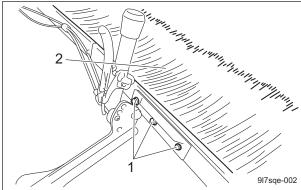
Change of Finishing Brush_001

1	Bolt
2	Finishing brush
3	Rake



Place the finishing brush on level surface.

2. Remove the bolts, and then replace the finishing brush.



Change of Finishing Brush_002

1	Bolt
2	Finishing brush

3. Tighten the bolts.

Replacement of Tires

Change of Front Tire

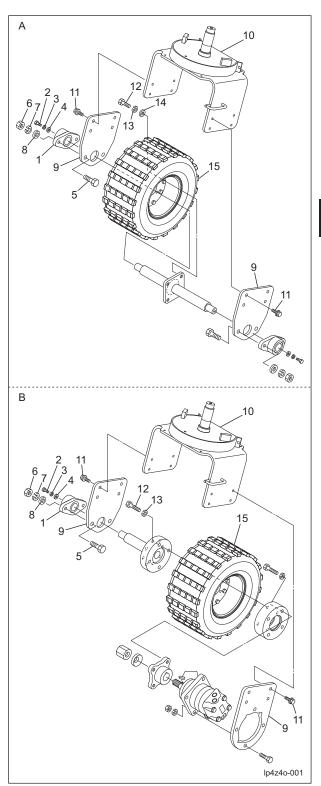
- Removing a front tire
 Follow the steps below to remove the front tire:
 - [1] Securely place the jack beneath the jackup points of the front left/right frame area, and then raise it until the tire lifts off the ground.

"Jack-Up Points" (Page 6-2)

Important

The installed parts differ according to 2WD and 3WD specifications.

- [2] Loosen the lock bolts (2 locations) for the right rhombic flange unit, and then remove bolt A.
- [3] Remove bolt B and nut B of the right rhombic flange unit, and then remove the right rhombic flange unit.
- [4] Remove bolt C, attaching the left and right front wheel bracket to the front wheel arm, and then lower the front wheel to the floor.
- [5] Remove the wheel mounting bolt, and then remove the tire.



Front Tire_001

Α	2WD specifications
В	3WD specifications
1	Rhombic flange unit
2	Bolt A
3	Spring washer A
4	Washer A
5	Bolt B
6	Nut B
7	Spring washer B
8	Washer B
9	Front wheel bracket
10	Front wheel arm
11	Bolt C
12	Wheel mounting bolt
13	Spring washer C
14	Washer C
15	Front wheel

2. Installing a front tire

Important

Tighten the bolts in the tightening order (crosswise).

Important

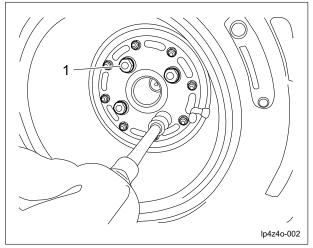
Tighten the wheel mounting bolts on the specified torque by using a torque wrench.

For installing the front tire, reverse the removing procedure.

Change of Rear Tires

Removing rear tires
 Follow the steps below to remove the rear tires:

[1] Loosen the bolts.



Rear Tires_001

1 Bolt

[2] Securely place the jack beneath the jackup point of the rear left/right frame area, and then raise it until the tire lifts off the ground.

"Jack-Up Points" (Page 6-2)

- [3] Remove the bolts.
- [4] Remove the tire from the wheel mounting seat.
- 2. Installing rear tires

Important

Tighten the bolts in the tightening order (crosswise).

Important

Tighten the wheel mounting bolts on the specified torque by using a torque wrench.

For installing the rear tires, reverse the removing procedure.

Adjustment of Belt Tension

♠ Warning

Be sure to stop the engine before adjusting the belts.

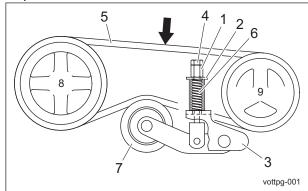
Important

For the specified value of belt tension, refer to Adjusted Values.

Before making sure of belt tension, rotate the belt several times.

Adjustment of Pump Drive Belt

- 1. The belt tension is appropriate when there is approximately 10 mm (0.39 in) of slack when the belt is pressed lightly by finger at 98 N (10 kgf) around the center section between the belt pulleys (arrow in the diagram).
- 2. Tighten the high nut until there is no clearance between the spring cover and the tension fulcrum fitting, and then lock it in place with the nut.



Adjustment of Pump Drive Belt_001

-		-
	1	High nut
	2	Spring cover
	3	Tension fulcrum fitting
	4	Nut
	5	Belt
	6	Spring
	7	Tension pulley
	8	Engine pulley
!	9	Pump pulley
_		

Change of Hydraulic Oil

A Caution

Be careful with hot oil, which could cause burns if it contacts your skin.

Important

If the oil emulsifies or if it becomes even slightly less transparent, change the oil immediately.

Important

When you change the hydraulic oil, be sure to drain it into a bowl and discard it in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Important

Use Shell Tellus S2V32 (or equivalent) as hydraulic oil.

In case of an equivalent, consult Characteristics of Hydraulic Oil and use hydraulic oil whose characteristics are superior to those of the specific hydraulic oil. Especially regarding kinematic viscosity and viscosity index, use of hydraulic oil whose figures are less than those of the specified hydraulic oil will cause a malfunction in the hydraulic circuit.

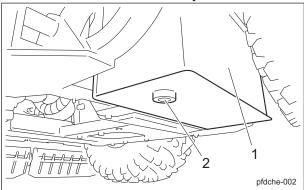
Note:

Characteristics of Hydraulic Oil

Specified Hydraulic Oil		Shell Tellus S2V32
ISO Viscosity Grade		ISO VG32
Density	15 °C (59 °F)	0.869 g/cm ³
		(0.0313 lb/in ³)
API Gravity		31.3
Flash Point (Open		202 °C (396 °F)
Cup)		202 0 (000 1)
Pour Point		-40 °C (-40 °F)
Kinematic	40 °C (104 °F)	32 mm ² /s (32 cSt)
Viscosity	100 °C (212 °F)	6.1 mm ² /s (6.1 cSt)
Viscosity Index		141

- 1. Follow the steps below to remove the old oil.
 - [1] Start and run the engine to warm up the oil.

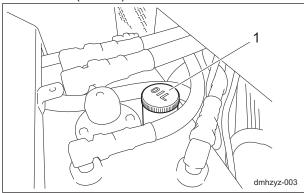
- [2] On a level surface, lower the rake, and then stop the engine.
- [3] Remove the drain plug of the hydraulic tank, and then drain the old oil into a container.
- [4] Wind new sealing tape on the drain plug, and then attach it to the hydraulic tank.



Change of Hydraulic Oil 001

1	Hydraulic tank
2	Drain plug

2. Open the tank cap, and then pour new oil from the fill port until the oil level reaches the middle of the oil gauge on the hydraulic tank. The hydraulic tank capacity is approximately 15.0 dm³ (15.0 L).



Change of Hydraulic Oil_002

Tank cap

- Tighten the tank cap securely.
- 4. Start the engine, raise and lower the rake, and repeatedly move forward and backward several times with the rake raised.
- 5. Lower the rake and maintain that position on a level surface, and then check to see if the oil level is at the middle of the oil gauge. If necessary, supply oil.
- 6. Check underneath the machine for oil leakage.

Change of Hydraulic Oil Filter



A Caution

Be careful with hot oil, which could cause burns if it contacts your skin.

Important

If the hydraulic oil emulsifies or if it becomes even slightly less transparent, change the oil immediately.

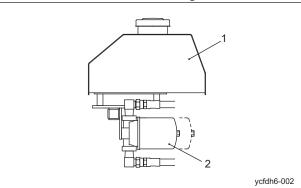
Important

When replacing the hydraulic oil filter, be sure to drain the oil into a container and discard it in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Important

Use Shell Tellus S2V32 (or equivalent) as hydraulic oil.

Remove the old filter cartridge.



Change of Hydraulic Oil Filter_001

1	Fuel tank
2	Filter cartridge

- 2. Lightly coat the packing of the new filter cartridge with hydraulic oil, and then install the cartridge.
- 3. Screw in the filter by hand until the packing contacts the mounting surface. Then tighten additional 1/2 turn from that point.
- 4. Supply hydraulic oil until it reaches the specified level.
 - "Hydraulic Oil Supply" (Page 5-5)
- 5. Start the engine, and then stop it after 10 to 20 minutes.

- 6. Make sure that there is no oil leakage at the sealing surface of the filter cartridge.
- 7. Check the hydraulic oil level. If it is low, supply hydraulic oil until it reaches the specified level.

Change of Air Cleaner Element

Important

A contaminated air cleaner element may cause malfunction of the engine.

- 1. The timing for replacing the air cleaner element is described below.
 - [1] Replace the air cleaner element in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.
 - [2] If it is significantly contaminated, replace it, even if the hours of operation do not exceed the specified time.
- 2. Replace the air cleaner element by following the same steps as for cleaning the air cleaner.
 - "Cleaning of Air Cleaner Element" (Page 5-7)

Change of Engine Oil



Be careful with hot oil, which could cause burns if it contacts your skin.

Important

When you change the engine oil, be sure to drain it into a bowl and discard it in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Important

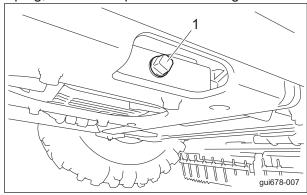
Be sure to use engine oil that is classified as API Service Grade SF or higher, with an SAE Viscosity that is appropriate for the operating environment (ambient temperature).

Important

Securely tighten the oil level gauge and oil filler cap.

Change the engine oil more frequently if the engine oil is contaminated and, especially, if you use the machine in dusty areas or operate the engine at high loads or in high temperatures.

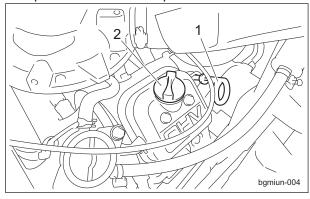
- 1. Move the machine onto a level surface and stop the engine.
- 2. Remove the drain plug while the engine oil is warm, and then drain the oil into a bowl.
- 3. Wind new sealing tape around the drain plug, and then replace it in the engine.



Change of Engine Oil_001

Drain plug

- 4. Remove the oil filler cap, and then supply new engine oil until the oil reaches a level in between the upper and lower limit lines on the oil level gauge.
- 5. Supply 1.0 dm³ (1.0 L) of engine oil, remove the oil level gauge, and then insert it all the way to check the oil level. After checking the oil level with the oil level gauge, add more engine oil if it is insufficient. The engine oil quantity (including the oil filter) is approximately 1.6 dm³ (1.6 L).
- 6. Replace the oil filler cap.



Change of Engine Oil 002

1	Oil level gauge
2	Oil filler cap

 It will take a while for the supplied engine oil to descend into the oil pan.
 Check the oil level again 10 to 20 minutes after supplying the oil.

Change of Engine Oil Filter



Be careful with hot oil, which could cause burns if it contacts your skin.

Important

When replacing the engine oil filter, be sure to drain the engine oil into a container and discard it in accordance with local laws and regulations.

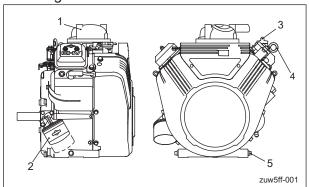
Important

Be sure to use engine oil that is classified as API Service Grade SF or higher, with an SAE Viscosity that is appropriate for the operating environment (ambient temperature).

Important

Securely tighten the oil level gauge and oil filler cap.

1. With the filter wrench, remove the old filter cartridge.



Change of Engine Oil Filter_001

1	Engine
2	Filter cartridge
3	Oil filler cap
4	Oil level gauge
5	Drain plug

2. Lightly coat the packing of the new filter cartridge with engine oil.

- 3. Hand-tighten the filter cartridge until the packing contacts the sealing surface, and then hand-tighten additional 1/2 to 3/4 turn from that point (without using a filter wrench).
- Supply engine oil until it reaches the specified level.
 - "Supply of Engine Oil" (Page 5-11)
- 5. Start the engine, and then stop it after 10 to 20 minutes.
- 6. Make sure that there is no oil leakage at the sealing surface of the filter cartridge.
- Check the engine oil level.
 If it is low, supply engine oil until it reaches the specified level.

Change of Fuel Filter

Important

While installing the fuel filter, prevent contamination with dirt or dust.

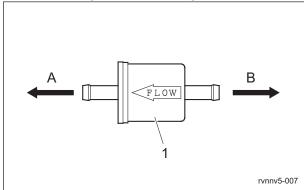
The fuel contaminated with dirt or dust will cause engine failure.

Since the fuel filter is a cartridge, it cannot be disassembled or cleaned.

If dust or dirt accumulates in the fuel filter, the fuel flow will become insufficient.

Replace the fuel filter at the appropriate times.

- 1. Remove the old fuel filter.
- 2. Install a new fuel filter with the arrow marked on it pointing toward the engine.



Change of Fuel Filter_001

1	Fuel filter
Α	Engine
В	Fuel cock

Storage

Long-Term Storage

Follow the instructions below for long-term storage of the machine.

- 1. Cleaning
 - Remove dirt, grass clippings, oil stains etc. completely from the main vehicle and engine.
- 2. Replacing oil
 - Inspect and replace the engine oil, hydraulic oil and element.
- 3. Greasing and lubricating
 - Supply oil and apply grease to appropriate parts.
- 4. Battery
 - · Remove the negative battery wire.
- 5. Fuel
 - · Remove the fuel from the fuel tank.
- 6. Tire pneumatic pressure
 - Set the tire air pressure slightly higher than normal, and then place the machine on a board to avoid humidity.
- 7. Storage location
 - Cover the machine and store it in a dry place where it will not be exposed to rain.

Storage Page 6-17

Maintenance

Page 6-18 Storage

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Precautions for Repair	Page 7-2
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Adjustment of Steering Chain	Page 7-2
Adjustment of Brake	Page 7-2
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The Piston Pump	Page 7-3
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Precautions for Repair



The chapter "Repair" in this manual describes practical measures which should be performed by a mechanic with expertise. The owner should instruct the mechanic with expertise to perform repair service for this machine.



First, learn well the operations you plan to perform.

Important

Use tools appropriate for each operation.

Important

Use Baroness genuine parts for replacement and accessories.

Our product warranty may be void if you use non-genuine parts for replacement or accessories.

Adjustment and Replacement

Adjustment of Steering Chain

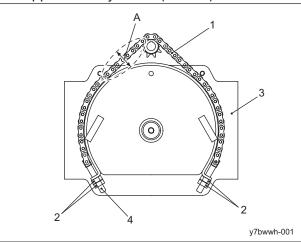
Excessive play with a loose steering chain may stretch the chain further while you may feel a heavy steering wheel with an excessively tight chain and the chain and wheel may wear prematurely.

Important

Make sure that the steering chain has the specified amount of slack.

1. Open the front cover.

2. With the nuts on each end of the steering chain, adjust the chain tension so that there is approximately 5 mm (0.20 in) of slack.



Adjustment of Steering Chain_001

1	Steering chain
2	Nut
3	Front wheel arm
4	Adjustment screw
Α	5 mm (0.20 in)

3. After making adjustments, firmly secure the nuts.

Adjustment of Brake



Make sure that the brake wire is not cracked or damaged.



If the brake is not sufficiently effective, adjust the brake wire.



Perform the adjustment with the engine stopped.

Adjust the brake by tightening the brake wire adjustment bolt and the spring rod.

Page 7-2 Precautions for Repair

Adjustment of Adjustment Bolt

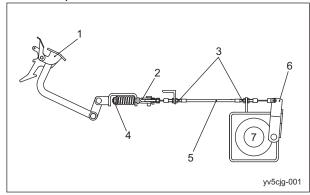
When the brake wire is stretched, the play of the brake pedal may become large, the braking effectiveness may become worse and the brake pedal may lock.

Important

Adjust the play of the brake lever so that it is as small as possible and the brakes do not drag when the lever is released.

Adjust the brake wire adjustment bolts to adjust the pull length for the brake lever.

- If the brake lever play is too large, the braking power will be decreased and the brake pedal will be soft.
- If the brake lever play is too small, the braking power will be increased and the brake pedal will be hard.



Adjustment of Adjustment Bolt_001

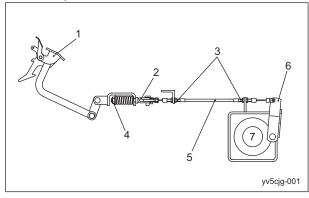
1	Brake pedal
2	Spring rod
3	Adjustment bolt
4	Nut
5	Brake wire
6	Brake lever
7	Rear wheel

Adjustment of Spring Rod

If the spring becomes shorter from depressing the brake pedal, the brakes may become insufficiently effective.

Adjust the spring rod nut to adjust the braking power and operating force of the brake pedal.

 If the brake lever play is too large, the braking power will be weak and the brake pedal will be soft. If the brake lever play is too small, the braking power will be excessive and the brake pedal will be hard.



Adjustment of Spring Rod_001

1	Brake pedal
2	Spring rod
3	Adjustment bolt
4	Nut
5	Brake wire
6	Brake lever
7	Rear wheel

Break-In of Brakes

If the brake shoes or brake pads are worn, replace them with new ones.

Immediately after replacement, drive to break in the brakes if the effectiveness of the brakes is low.

While driving, lightly operate the brakes to break in the contact areas.

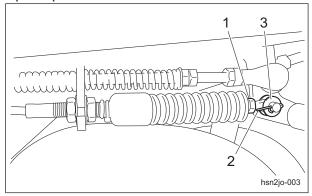
Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump

If the machine moves forward or backward while the traveling pedals are released, they are not set to the neutral position.

Follow the steps below to make adjustments.

1. Stop the engine.

Remove the cotter pin and washer at the pedal end, and then remove the end of the push-pull cable.



Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump 001

1	Push-pull cable
2	Cotter pin
3	Washer

3. Place the jacks securely beneath the jack-up points, and then lift the machine off the ground.

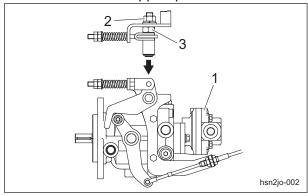
Use stable jack stands, and raise the machine until the tires lift off the ground. "Jack-Up Points" (Page 6-2)

- 4. Start the engine, and rev it up to the maximum rpm.
- 5. Set the 2WD/3WD selector lever to the "2WD" position.

⚠ Warning

When adjusting the neutral position, exercise care so that the hand does not get entangled in the rotating parts.

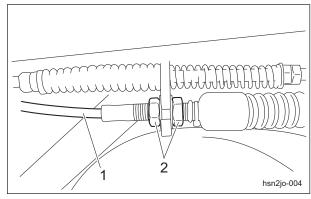
6. Slowly turn the camshaft until the rear wheel stops, and then use the nut to lock the camshaft at the stopped position.



Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump_002

1	Piston pump
2	Nut
3	Camshaft

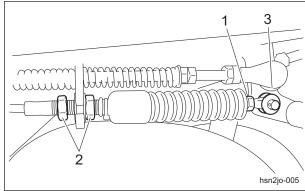
7. Loosen the lock nuts.



Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump_003

1	Push-pull cable
2	Lock nuts

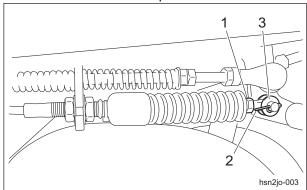
8. Adjust the end of the push-pull cable at the pedal end so that it attaches to the connection point on the pedal, and then tighten the lock nuts.



Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump_004

1	Push-pull cable
2	Lock nuts
3	Connection point on pedal

9. Insert the push-pull cable, and then install the washer and cotter pin.



Adjusting The Neutral Position of The Piston Pump_005

1	Push-pull cable
2	Cotter pin
3	Washer

Change of Fuse

Important

When performing maintenance on the electrical system, be sure to remove the negative battery wire.

Important

If a fuse blows, a short may have occurred within the electrical circuit.

Check for the cause, such as faulty terminal connections, damaged wiring or terminals, or incorrect wiring.

Important

For fuse replacement, clean the fuse mounting area with use of compressed air before mounting the fuse.

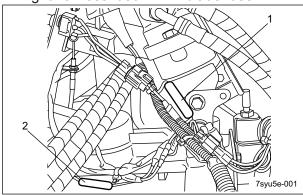
Fuses

The fuses are located at the lower right inside the front cover and consist of the light harness fuse and the main harness fuse for the entire circuit.

The fuse capacities are both 20 A.

· Main harness fuse : Glass fuse

· Light harness fuse : Mini blade fuse



Fuses_001

1	Main harness fuse	
2	Light harness fuse	

Towing

Towing The Machine in An Emergency

If the machine does not travel due to engine trouble, etc., you can move it by towing it.

Important

Do not touch the unload valve except when towing the machine.

Important

Before restarting the engine, be sure to close the unload valve.

Important

When towing the machine, travel at a speed no more than 3.0 km/h.

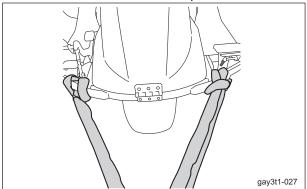
In addition, do not tow the machine for more than 3 minutes.

If the towing speed is too fast or there is excessive movement, the pump or motor will be damaged.

- Stop the engine.
 "Procedure to Stop Engine" (Page 5-15)
- 2. Apply the parking brake.
- 3. Chock the wheels.

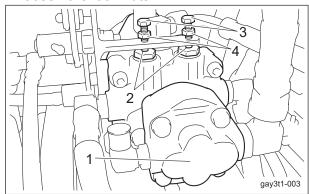
Towing Page 7-5

4. Secure the machine with ropes.



Towing The Machine_001

- 5. Release the cover fastener.
- 6. Open the rear cover, and then lift it until the gas spring is fully extended.
- 7. Loosen the lock nuts.



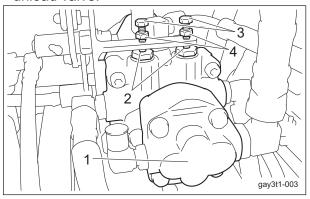
Towing The Machine_002

1	Piston pump
2	Unload valve operating pins
3	Bolt
4	Lock nut

Important

When pushing in the unload valve operating pins, be careful about overtightening the bolts. It will damage the unload valve operating pins.

8. Tighten the bolts, and then push in the unload valve operating pins to open the unload valve.



Towing The Machine_003

1	Piston pump
2	Unload valve operating pins
3	Bolt
4	Lock nut

Important

Before towing, be sure to open the unload valves in two locations.

- 9. Close the rear cover and apply the cover fastener.
- 10. Remove the wheel stopper.
- 11. Release the parking brake.



While towing, always keep your foot on the brake pedal and depress the brake pedal at any time to stop.

12. Tow the machine slowly.

Page 7-6 Towing

Tightening Torques	Page	8-2
Standard Tightening Torques	Page	8-2
Principal Tightening Torques	Page	8-5
Maintenance Schedule	Page	8-6
List of Adjusted Values	Page	8-7

Tightening Torques

Important

Refer to the Tightening Torque table. Note that the Baroness product warranty may not apply to defects caused by incorrect or overtorque tightening, etc.

Standard Tightening Torques

Bolts and Nuts

Important

A number of bolts are used in each part of this machine.

Be sure to re-tighten the bolts and nuts, because they may be loosened at the earlier stage of the use.

· As to the bolts and nuts without any special instruction, tighten them in appropriate tightening torque with proper tool.

Too much tightening may cause the looseness or damage of the screw.

• The strength of tightening is determined by types of screws, strength, the friction of thread face or base face and others.

The table below is for the galvanized or parkerized bolts.

In case that the strength of internal thread is weak, it is not applied.

· Do not use rusty or sand attached "screw."

Otherwise, it may cause insufficient tightening even if you apply the specified tightening torque. The friction of the screw face becomes higher and the tightening torque is canceled out by the friction, therefore sufficient tightening cannot be applied.

• If "screw" is wet by water or oil, do not tighten it with normal tightening torque.

If the screw is wet, the torque coefficient will get smaller and it may result in too much tightening.

Too much tightening may cause looseness by the screw stretched or result in damage.

Do not use a bolt experienced too much burden.

Using the impact wrench requires the skill.
 Do exercise as much as possible for steady tightening.

Page 8-2 Tightening Torques

	General bolt										
	Strength classification 4.8										
Nominal diameter	M 4 T (4.8 tib3yb-001										
	N-m	kgf-cm	lb-in								
M5	3 - 5	30.59 - 50.99	26.55 - 44.26								
M6	7 - 9	71.38 - 91.77	61.96 - 79.66								
M8	14 - 19	142.76 - 193.74	123.91 - 168.17								
M10	29 - 38	295.71 - 387.49	256.68 - 336.34								
M12	52 - 67	530.24 - 683.20	460.25 - 593.02								
M14	70 - 94	713.79 - 958.52	619.57 - 831.99								
M16	88 - 112	897.34 - 1142.06	778.89 - 991.31								
M18	116 - 144	1,182.85 - 1,468.37	1,026.72 - 1,274.54								
M20	147 - 183	1,498.96 - 1,866.05	1,301.10 - 1,619.73								
M22	295	3,008.12	2,611.05								
M24	370	3,772.89	3,274.87								
M27	550	5,608.35	4,868.05								
M30	740	7,545.78	6,549.74								

		Strength classificatio	n 8.8	Strength classification 10.9					
Nominal diameter	8 8 T (8.8) tib3yb-002				10.9 tib3yb-003				
	N-m	kgf-cm	lb-in	N-m	kgf-cm	lb-in			
M5	5 - 7	50.99 - 71.38	44.26 - 61.96	7 - 10	71.38 - 101.97	61.96 - 88.51			
M6	8 - 11	81.58 - 112.17	70.81 - 97.36	14 - 18	142.76 - 183.55	123.91 - 159.32			
M8	23 - 29	234.53 - 295.71	203.57 - 256.68	28 - 38	285.52 - 387.49	247.83 - 336.34			
M10	45 - 57	458.87 - 581.23	398.30 - 504.51	58 - 76	591.43 - 774.97	513.36 - 672.68			
M12	67 - 85	683.20 - 866.75	593.02 - 752.34	104 - 134	1,060.49 - 1,366.40	920.50 - 1186.03			
M14	106 - 134	1,080.88 - 1,366.40	938.21 - 1,186.03	140 - 188	1,427.58 - 1,917.04	1,239.14 - 1,663.99			
M16	152 - 188	1,549.94 - 1,917.04	1,345.35 - 1,663.99	210 - 260	2,141.37 - 2,651.22	1,858.71 - 2,301.26			
M18	200 - 240	2,039.40 - 2,447.28	1,770.20 - 2,124.24	280 - 340	2,855.16 - 3,466.98	2,478.28 - 3,009.34			
M20	245 - 295	2,498.27 - 3,008.12	2,168.50 - 2,611.05	370 - 450	3,772.89 - 4,588.65	3,274.87 - 3,982.95			
M22	-	-	-	530	5,404.41	4,691.03			
M24	-	-	-	670	6,831.99	5,930.17			
M27			-	1,000	10,197.00	8,851.00			
M30	-	-	-	1,340	14,628.78	11,860.34			

Note:

The same values are applied to "fine screw thread."

Tightening Torques Page 8-3

Hydraulic Hose

The tightening torques for union joints and union adaptors with parallel pipe threads (G, PF) are shown in the table below.

A union joint or adaptor will not become loose or leak as long as it is tightened by the specified torque.

If fluid leaks from the sealed portion, do not attempt to tighten the union joint or adaptor forcibly. Examine whether any foreign matter or scratches are present on the seat surface.

Tightening a union joint or adaptor forcibly could damage the connection of the joints.

When tightening a union joint or adaptor, use a torque wrench where possible and firmly tighten it by an appropriate torque.

Naminal diameter of	Nominal diameter of	Ti	ghtening torq	ue
Nominal diameter of the hose size	the parallel pipe threads (G, PF)	N-m	kgf-cm	lb-in
6	1/4	24.50	250	221.28
9	3/8	49.03	500	564.91
12	1/2	58.84	600	677.89
15	3/4	117.68	1200	1,355.78
19	3/4	117.68	1200	1,355.78
25	1	137.30	1400	1,581.74
32	1-1/4	166.72	1700	1,920.69
38	1-1/2	205.94	2100	2,372.61
50	2	245.17	2500	2,824.54

Fittings with Parallel Threads (O-Ring Seal Type)

The tightening torques for fittings with parallel threads (O-ring seal method) are shown in the table below.

Tightening the fitting forcibly with a spanner or other such tool to secure it to a set position could damage the fitting, its washers, and other parts. Be sure to tighten the fitting to the torque appropriate to its size.

Nominal diameter		е						
of thread	N-m	N-m kgf-cm						
1/4	34.32 - 49.03	350 - 500	309.79 - 442.55					
3/8	68.65 - 78.45	700 - 800	619.57 - 708.08					
1/2	98.07 - 117.68	1000 - 1200	885.10 - 1,062.12					
3/4	147.10 - 176.52	1500 - 1800	1,327.65 - 1,593.18					
1	245.17 - 274.59	2500 - 2800	2,212.75 - 2,478.28					
1-1/4	294.20	3000	2,655.30					
1-1/2	294.20	3000	2,655.30					
2	392.27	4000	3,540.40					

Page 8-4 Tightening Torques

Principal Tightening Torques

Tightening Torque by Model

SP05A

Tighten the following bolts and nuts at the torque specified in the table.

For thread locking adhesive, apply a middle strength thread locker (ThreeBond 1322 or equivalent anaerobic sealant).

	Location	Code	Part name		Fightening to	rque	Thread locking
	Location	Code	r art riame	N-m	kgf-cm	lb-in	adhesive
vheel	Front wheel bracket	K0000100202	Bolt, M10-20	29 - 38	295.71 - 387.49	256.68 - 336.34	_
2WD front wheel	Wheel	K0011120302	Bolt, heat-treated M12-30P1.5	67 - 85	683.20 - 866.75	593.02 - 752.34	_
2WD	Rhombic flange unit	K0661205000	Rhombic flange unit UCFL205	_	_	_	M6 set screw
	Front wheel bracket	K0000100202	Bolt, M10-20	29 - 38	295.71 - 387.49	256.68 - 336.34	_
3WD front wheel	Motor mounting base	K0160000492	24 special nut P1.5	180 - 200	1835.46 - 2039.40	1593.18 - 1770.20	_
D front	Wheel	K0014120602	Bolt, heat-treated M12-60P1.5	67 - 85	683.20 - 866.75	593.02 - 752.34	_
3WI	Spacer	K0014120502	Bolt, heat-treated M12-50P1.5	67 - 85	683.20 - 866.75	593.02 - 752.34	_
	Rhombic flange unit	K0661205000	Rhombic flange unit UCFL205	_	_	_	M6 set screw
Fron	it wheel arm	K0010100502	Bolt, heat-treated M10-50	29 - 38	295.71 - 387.49	256.68 - 336.34	_
heel	Wheel	K0011120302	Bolt, heat-treated M12-30P1.5	67 - 85	683.20 - 866.75	593.02 - 752.34	_
Rear wheel	Wheel mounting base	K0160000492	24 special nut P1.5	180 - 200	1,835.46 - 2,039.40	1,593.18 - 1,770.20	M24 screw
Oil o	cooler port	K3006000022-Y	ELBOW, ODD SIZED PT1/2*PF3/8	10 - 25	101.97 - 254.93	88.51 - 221.28	_
Proximity switch		BOLT, M5-20	2.5	25.49	22.13	_	

Tightening Torques Page 8-5

Maintenance Schedule

SP05A

Follow the maintenance schedule below.

• • • Inspect, adjust, supply, clean (first time)

O · · · Inspect, adjust, supply, clean

▲ · · · Replace (first time) △ · · · Replace

	rtopiaco																
	Maintenance Item	Before work	After work	Every 8 hrs.	Every 10 hrs.	Every 50 hrs.	Every 100 hrs.	Every 200 hrs.	Every 250 hrs.	Every300 hrs.	Every 400 hrs.	Every 500 hrs.	Every year	Every 2 years	Every 3 years	Every 4 years	Remarks
	Tightening the parts	0															
	Fuel	0															
	Fuel and oil leaks	0															
	Air cleaner	0															
Φ	Engine oil	0				Δ											
Engine	Engine oil filter	0					0										
ш	Ignition plug					0	Δ										
	Oil cooler	0															
	Battery	0												Δ			
	Battery fluid	0															
	Cleaning the exterior		0														
	Tightening the parts	0															
	Tightening the wheel mounting bolt					•	0										
	Interlock system	0															
	Electrical wiring												0				
	Steering chain	0															
	Greasing, oiling					0											
	Tire	0															
	V-belt	0											Δ				
ic e	Brake	0															
Main vehicle	Wire	0						Δ									
ä	Cover	0															
Ĭ	Oil leakage	0															
	Hydraulic oil	0										Δ					
	Hydraulic oil filter											Δ					
	Hydraulic hose (moving part)	0												Δ			
	Hydraulic hoses (Moving part) relating to steering													Δ			
	Hydraulic hose (fixed part)	0														Δ	

Page 8-6 Maintenance Schedule

	Maintenance Item	Before work	After work	Every 8 hrs.	Every 10 hrs.	Every 50 hrs.	Every 100 hrs.	Every 200 hrs.	Every 250 hrs.	Every300 hrs.	Every 400 hrs.	Every 500 hrs.	Every year	Every 2 years	Every 3 years	Every 4 years	Remarks
vehicle	Air cleaner	0						Δ									Refer to "Change of Air Cleaner"
\ e	Fuel strainer	0					0						Δ				
Main	Fuel pipe	0															
2	Fuel hose and clamp												Δ				
	Cleaning the exterior		0														

- · For engine maintenance, refer to the Engine's Owner's Manual.
- · The values for consumables are not guaranteed.
- Be sure to replace hydraulic hoses for steering cylinder and hydraulic hoses for hydraulic motor of wheel relating to steering every two years.

List of Adjusted Values

Pump dri	ive belt	10 mm (0.39 in)	Belt slack when belt pressed with 98 N (10 kgf) at the middle point between pulleys.
Steering	chain	5 mm (0.20 in)	Steering chain slack
Rake	Fork depth (standard)	15 mm (0.59 in)	
	Arm stopper	23 mm (0.91 in)	
	Raised height	200 mm (7.87 in)	
Blade	Exposed length of screw shaft from spherical joint	65 mm (2.56 in)	
	Exposed length of threaded end of connecting shaft	20 mm (0.79 in)	
	Installation depth of spherical joint	15 mm (0.59 in)	

List of Adjusted Values Page 8-7



